



Social Connected Module 2.0 for Sitecore CMS 7.0

# Administrator's and Developer's Guide

*A Quick Start Guide and Configuration Reference for Administrators and Developers*

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# Chapter 1

## Introduction

This document is designed for Sitecore administrators and developers. It contains information about how to set up, configure, and tune the module.

The document contains the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1 — Introduction**  
An introduction to the Social Connected module.
- **Chapter 2 – Social Connector**  
Instructions for administrators about configuring and using the Social Connector.
- **Chapter 3 – Posting Messages to Social Networks when a Goal is Triggered**  
Instructions for administrators how to configure Goal Messaging.
- **Chapter 4 – Posting Content Messages to Social Networks**  
Instructions for administrators how to configure Content Messaging.
- **Chapter 5 – Analytics Features**  
A description of the analytics features in the module.
- **Chapter 6 – Developer’s Notes**  
Information about module pipelines and processors.
- **Chapter 7 – Tips and Tricks**  
Tips and tricks for administrators.

## 1.1 Features

The Social Connected module provides the following features:

### Social Connector

Social Connector lets website visitors log in to the website using the credentials from their social network accounts. The website then receives information about the visitor from their social network profile. You can also use the Social Connector to personalize the website.

### Posting Messages to Social Networks when a Goal is Triggered

This feature works with the Social Connector and posts messages to the visitor's timeline in the social network every time they trigger a goal on the website.

### Posting Content Messages to Social Networks

This feature posts messages about Sitecore content automatically to the timelines of the selected social network accounts when you publish Sitecore items. You can also post messages manually without publishing Sitecore items.

### Reviewing Messages

You can place a message in a workflow. Workflows ensure that messages move through a predefined set of states before you can post them, usually intended to ensure that content receives the appropriate reviews and approvals before posting to a social network.

### Analytics

You can place **Like** and **Tweet** buttons on a web page as Sitecore controls and then use Sitecore analytics to track the activity of website visitors.

#### Note

In this document, the phrase "post message" means to send a message to a social network and put it on the Facebook timeline or the Twitter timeline.

## 1.2 Architectural Requirements and Limitations

The Social Connected module cooperates with third party products and services. You should therefore pay special attention to the requirements and limitations related to your Sitecore solution.

### Internet Access to Social Services

In a distributed Sitecore solution that is built on one or more environments, such as a Content Management server and one or more Content Delivery servers, make sure the servers have access to the social network services over the Internet.

### Configuring Security

The Social Connector creates a new Sitecore user the first time a website visitor uses their social network credentials to log in to the website. If the Sitecore solution is built on one or more environments, such as a Content Management server and one or more Content Delivery servers, make sure you configure security according to the Sitecore recommendations. Security is an inseparable part of the Core database that must be shared between all the Content Management and Content Delivery servers if you want to keep security accounts synchronized. If the Core database cannot be shared between the servers, use database replication instead.

For more information about configuring security in multi-environment solutions, see the *Sitecore Scaling Guide*, the section *Isolating Instances within the CM and CD Environments* and the section *How to: Address Security Caching Clearing*.

## Chapter 2

# Social Connector

Social Connector is a feature of the Social Connected module that lets website visitors log in to the website with their social network credentials. Sitecore does not get access to the visitor's credentials; it uses the API to communicate with the social network.

When a website visitor logs in with their social network credentials, the Social Connected module receives all the information from the visitor's profile that the visitor has allowed the social network to share. This information is saved in the user profile, which Sitecore creates automatically in the *extranet* domain.

On the one hand, Social Connector lets website visitors log in to the website with their social network credentials and thereby avoid the registration process. On the other hand, Social Connector lets the website collect more information about a website visitor from their social network profile.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Use Case
- Configuration Overview
- Configuring Access to Social Networks
- Configuring Access to the Visitor's Profile Information
- Placing Social Connector Controls on a Web Page
- Mapping the Fields in the Visitor Profile
- Synchronizing User Information
- Disabling the Attachment of a Visitor's Social Network Accounts to their User Profile

## 2.1 Use Case

This use case outlines how a website visitor uses their Facebook credentials to log in to a website.

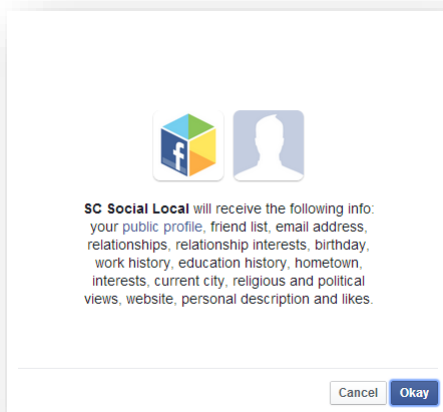
To connect with Facebook credentials:

1. A website visitor navigates to the website:

To log in to the website with their social network credentials, the visitor clicks the social network icon. The module redirects them to the social network login page.



2. On the login page, the visitor enters their credentials. The social network asks the visitor to grant the web application of the website access to the visitor's profile information.

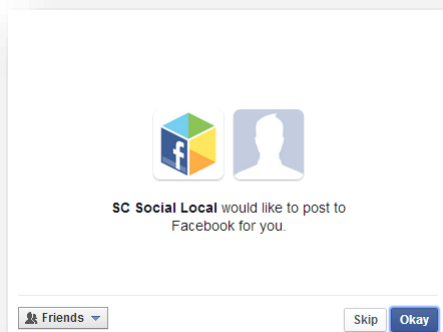


If the visitor does not grant access to their profile information, the system redirects them back to the website. The visitor still has to log in to the website.

### Note

An administrator can configure the number of the fields that the web application requests access to. For more information about that, see the section *Configuring Access to the Visitor's Profile Information*.

If the visitor grants access to their profile information, the social network asks the visitor to grant the web application of the website access to post information to the social network.





Then the system redirects them back to the website where they are already logged in. Sitecore creates a new user profile or updates the information in the existing user profile.

3. The visitor can attach more social network accounts to their profile on the website. To attach more social network accounts, the visitor clicks the appropriate social network icon and grants access to the web application.

## 2.2 Configuration Overview

To configure Social Connector:

1. Create a web application for each social network and a corresponding Sitecore item. This web application will concatenate the module with the social network. For more information about configuring a web application, see the section *Configuring Access to Social Networks*.
2. Configure an access request for the information that the web application will receive from the website visitor's profile on the social network. For more information about configuring an access request, see the section *Configuring Access to the Visitor's Profile Information*.
3. Configure and place log in controls for the social networks on the web page. For more information about how to place log in controls, see the section *Placing Social Connector Controls on a Web Page*.
4. Reduce the time that the Social Connector spends to find an existing user when the visitor logs in to the website. Add the following string to the `web.config` file, to the `configuration/system.web/profile/properties` section:

```
<add type="System.String" name="SC_SocialNetworkId" />
```

After you have performed the obligatory configuration actions, you can:

- Arrange a Sitecore scheduled task to periodically update the user profile with information from the social network.  
For more information about how to schedule a Sitecore task, see the section *Synchronizing User Information*.
- Disable attaching the visitor's social network accounts to their user profile.  
For more information about how to disable attaching visitor's social network accounts, see the section *Disabling the Attachment of a Visitor's Social Network Accounts to their User Profile*.

## 2.3 Configuring Access to Social Networks

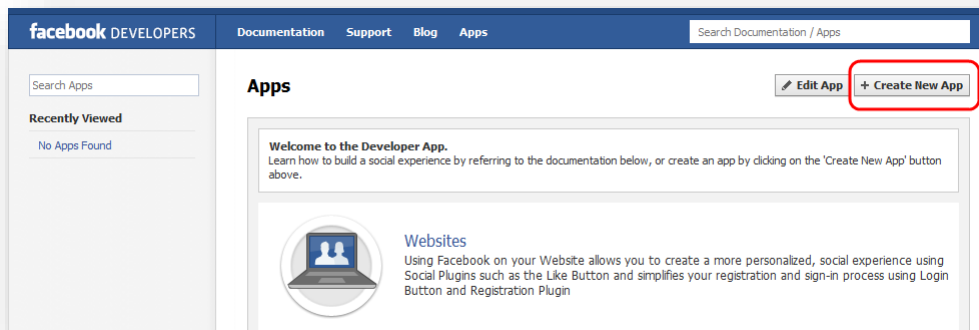
When interacting with social networks, Sitecore Social Connector uses the API of the social networks or the OAuth protocol for Google+. You must create a web application for every social network that you want the module to communicate with. You must also create a Sitecore item for each web application.

In a multisite scenario, you should create a web application for each website.

### 2.3.1 Creating and Configuring a Facebook Web Application

To create and configure a web application for Facebook:

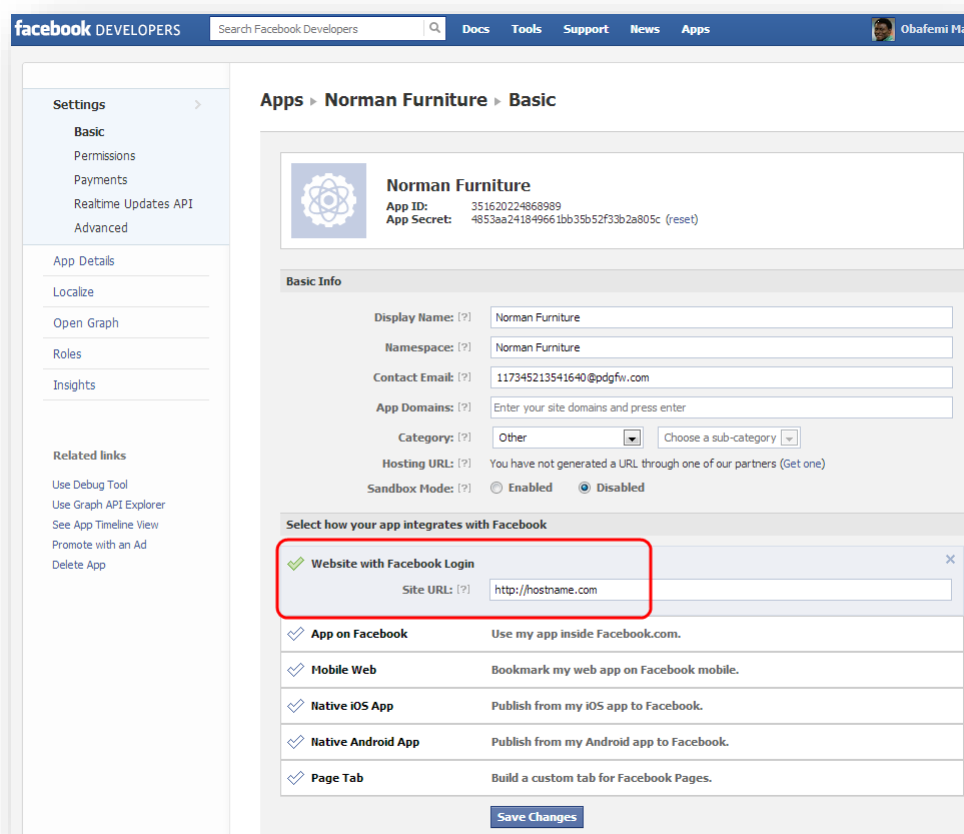
1. Go to <https://developers.facebook.com/apps> and create a new web application.



For more information about how to create a new web application, go to <https://developers.facebook.com/docs/web/tutorials/scrumptious/register-facebook-application/>

2. In the web application, on the **Basic** settings page, fill in all the required fields.

- In the **Select how your app integrates with Facebook** section, select **Website** and in the **Site URL** field, enter the URL of the web page where you want to place the login controls.

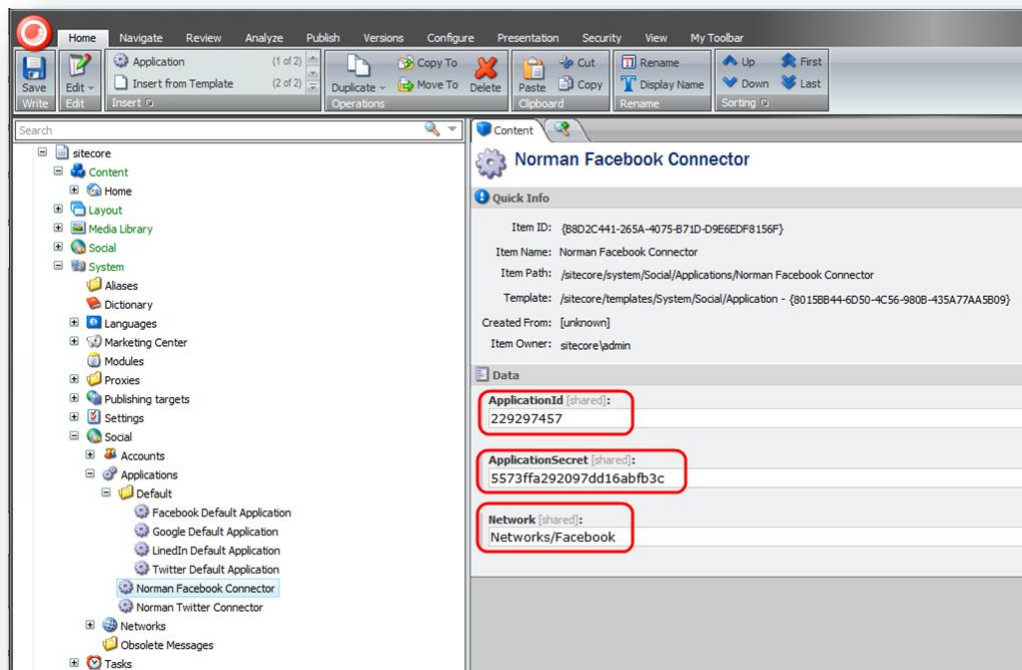


- In Sitecore, in the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/applications/default` folder.
- In this folder, create an item based on the `sitecore/templates/system/social/application` template.

### Important

The Default folder must contain only one item for the corresponding social network. If you are going to use several web applications for one social network, create the new items in the `sitecore/system/social/applications` folder.

- In the new item, enter the appropriate information

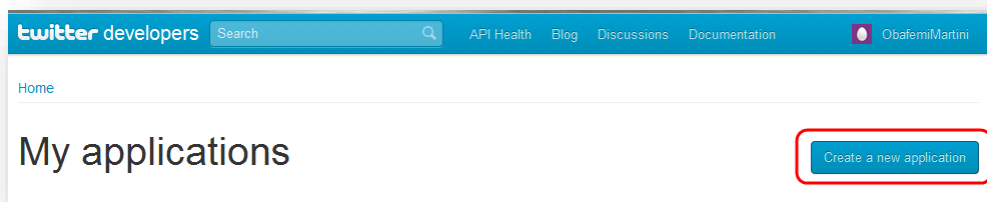


Field	Value
ApplicationId	The <b>App ID</b> value of the web application
ApplicationSecret	The <b>App Secret</b> value of the web application
Network	Facebook

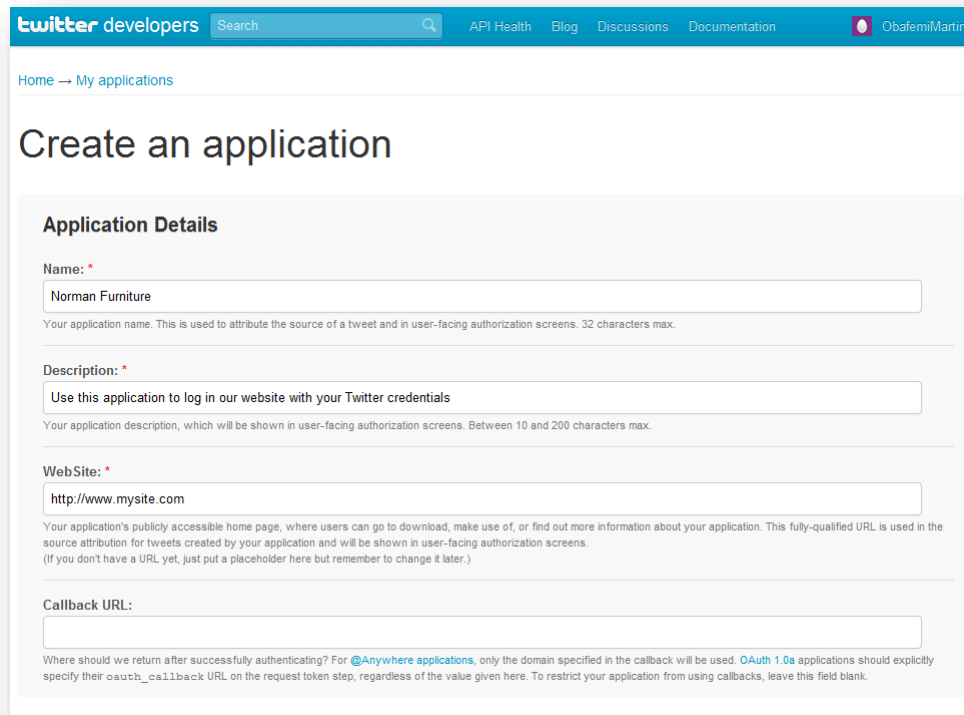
### 2.3.2 Creating and Configuring a Twitter Web Application

To create and configure a web application for Twitter:

- Go to <https://dev.twitter.com/apps> and create a new web application.



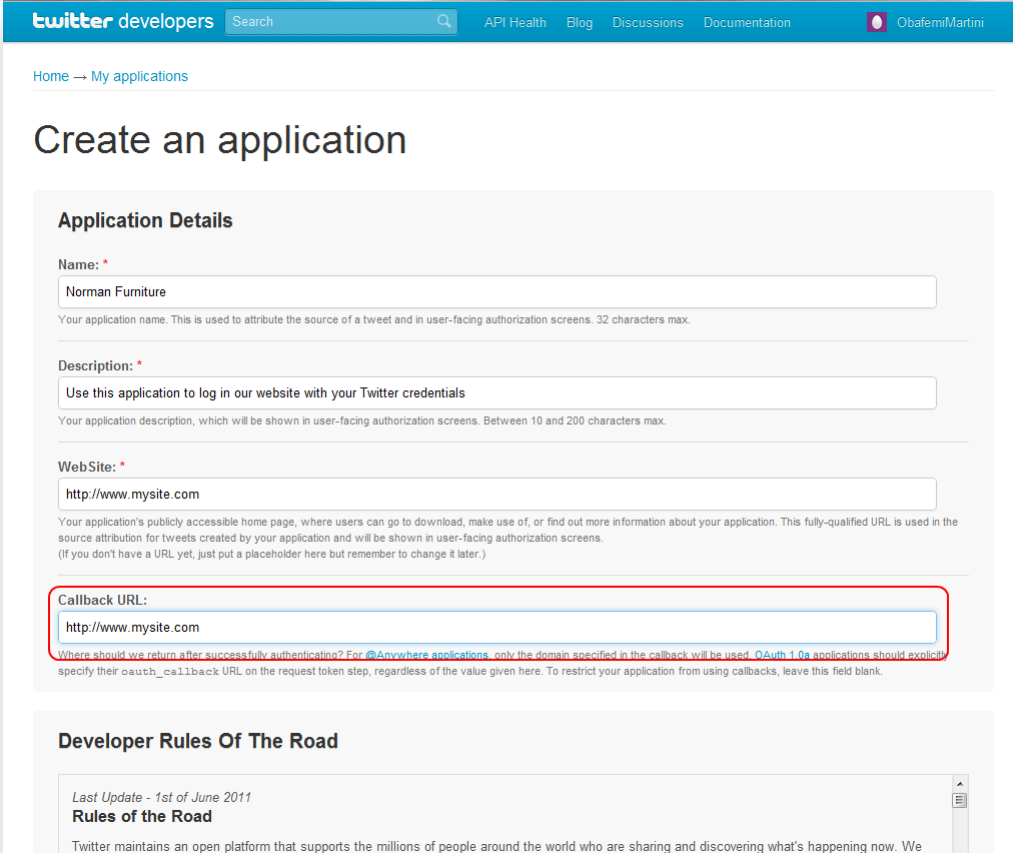
2. In the web application, in the **Application details** section, fill in all the required fields.



The screenshot shows the 'Create an application' page on the Twitter developers site. The 'Application Details' section contains the following fields:

- Name:** \* Norman Furniture  
Your application name. This is used to attribute the source of a tweet and in user-facing authorization screens. 32 characters max.
- Description:** \* Use this application to log in our website with your Twitter credentials  
Your application description, which will be shown in user-facing authorization screens. Between 10 and 200 characters max.
- Web Site:** \* http://www.mysite.com  
Your application's publicly accessible home page, where users can go to download, make use of, or find out more information about your application. This fully-qualified URL is used in the source attribution for tweets created by your application and will be shown in user-facing authorization screens. (If you don't have a URL yet, just put a placeholder here but remember to change it later.)
- Callback URL:**  
Where should we return after successfully authenticating? For [@Anywhere applications](#), only the domain specified in the callback will be used. [OAuth 1.0a](#) applications should explicitly specify their `oauth_callback` URL on the request token step, regardless of the value given here. To restrict your application from using callbacks, leave this field blank.

- In the **Callback URL** field, enter the URL of the webpage where you want to place the login controls.



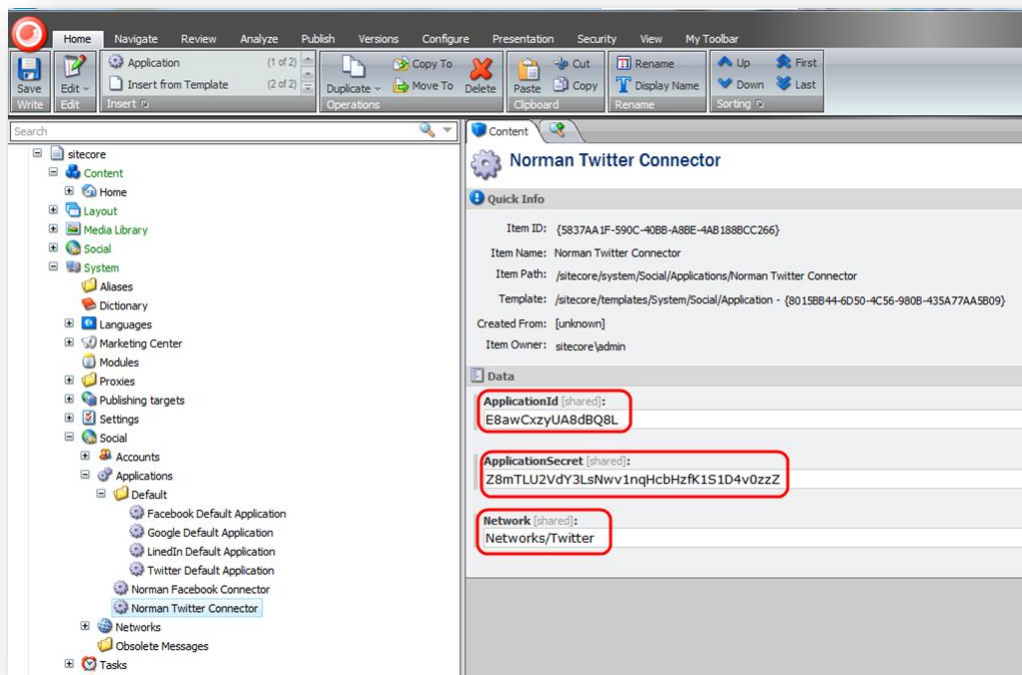
The screenshot shows the 'Create an application' page on the Twitter developers website. The page has a blue header with the Twitter logo and navigation links. The main content area is titled 'Create an application' and contains a form with several fields: 'Name' (filled with 'Norman Furniture'), 'Description' (filled with 'Use this application to log in our website with your Twitter credentials'), and 'Web Site' (filled with 'http://www.mysite.com'). The 'Callback URL' field is highlighted with a red box and contains 'http://www.mysite.com'. Below the form, there is a section titled 'Developer Rules Of The Road' with a sub-section 'Rules of the Road'.

- In Sitecore, in the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/applications/default` folder.
- In this folder, create an item based on the `sitecore/templates/system/social/application` template.

### Important

The Default folder must contain only one item for the corresponding social network. If you are going to use several web applications for one social network, create the new items in the `sitecore/system/social/applications` folder.

6. In the new item, enter the appropriate information:

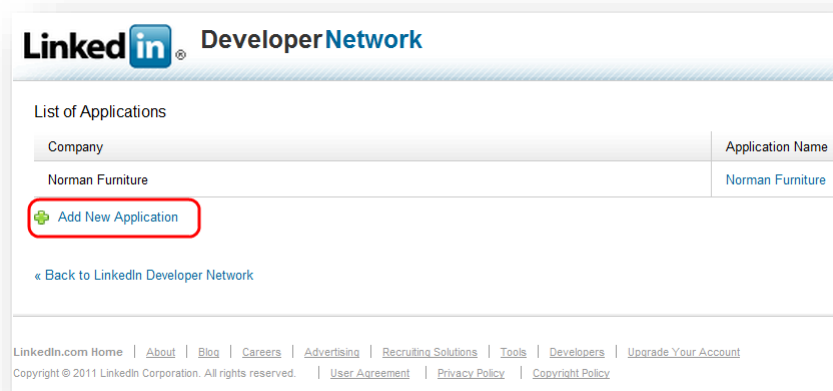


Field	Value
ApplicationId	The <b>Consumer Key</b> value of the web application
ApplicationSecret	The <b>Consumer Secret</b> value of the web application
Network	Twitter

### 2.3.3 Creating and Configuring a LinkedIn Web Application

To create and configure a web application for LinkedIn:

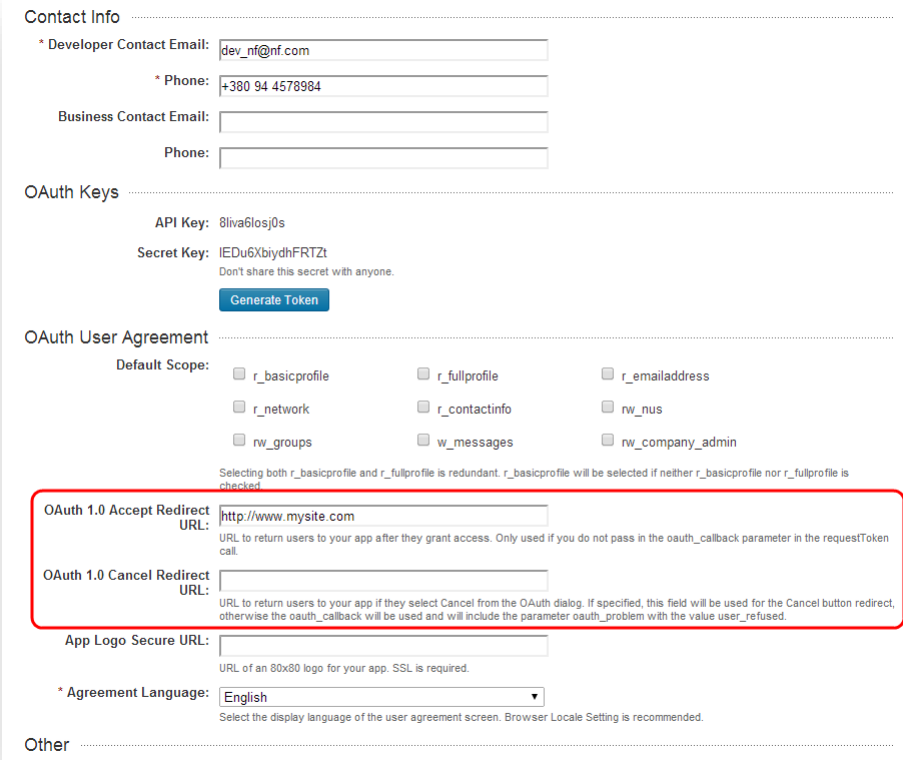
1. Go to <https://www.linkedin.com/secure/developer> and create a new web application.



2. In the web application, fill in all the required fields.



- In the **OAuth User Agreement** section, in the **OAuth 1.0 Accept Redirect URL** field, enter the URL of the web page where you want to place the login controls.



Contact Info

\* Developer Contact Email:

\* Phone:

Business Contact Email:

Phone:

OAuth Keys

API Key: 8liva6losj0s

Secret Key: IEDu6XbydhFRTZt  
Don't share this secret with anyone.

OAuth User Agreement

Default Scope:

r\_basicprofile     r\_fullprofile     r\_emailaddress  
 r\_network     r\_contactinfo     nw\_nus  
 rw\_groups     w\_messages     rw\_company\_admin

Selecting both r\_basicprofile and r\_fullprofile is redundant. r\_basicprofile will be selected if neither r\_basicprofile nor r\_fullprofile is checked.

OAuth 1.0 Accept Redirect URL:   
URL to return users to your app after they grant access. Only used if you do not pass in the oauth\_callback parameter in the requestToken call.

OAuth 1.0 Cancel Redirect URL:   
URL to return users to your app if they select Cancel from the OAuth dialog. If specified, this field will be used for the Cancel button redirect, otherwise the oauth\_callback will be used and will include the parameter oauth\_problem with the value user\_refused.

App Logo Secure URL:   
URL of an 80x80 logo for your app. SSL is required.

\* Agreement Language:   
Select the display language of the user agreement screen. Browser Locale Setting is recommended.

Other

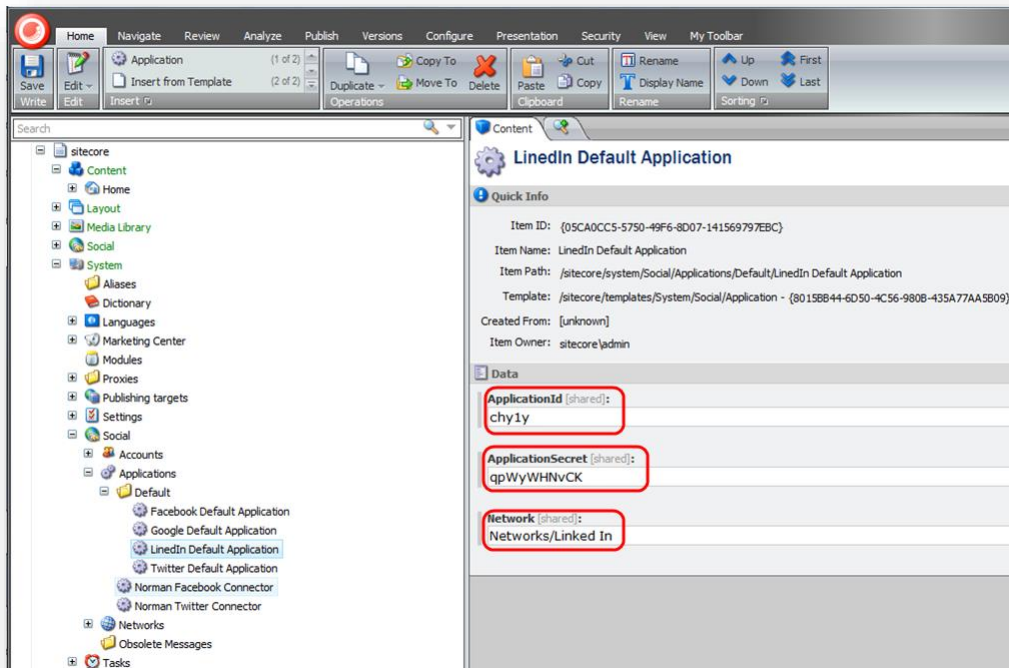
The **OAuth 1.0 Cancel Redirect URL** field must be blank.

- In Sitecore, in the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/applications/default` folder.
- In this folder, create an item based on the `sitecore/templates/system/social/application` template.

#### Important

The `Default` folder must contain only one item for the corresponding social network. If you are going to use several web applications for one social network, create the new items in the `sitecore/system/social/applications` folder.

6. In the new item, enter the appropriate information:

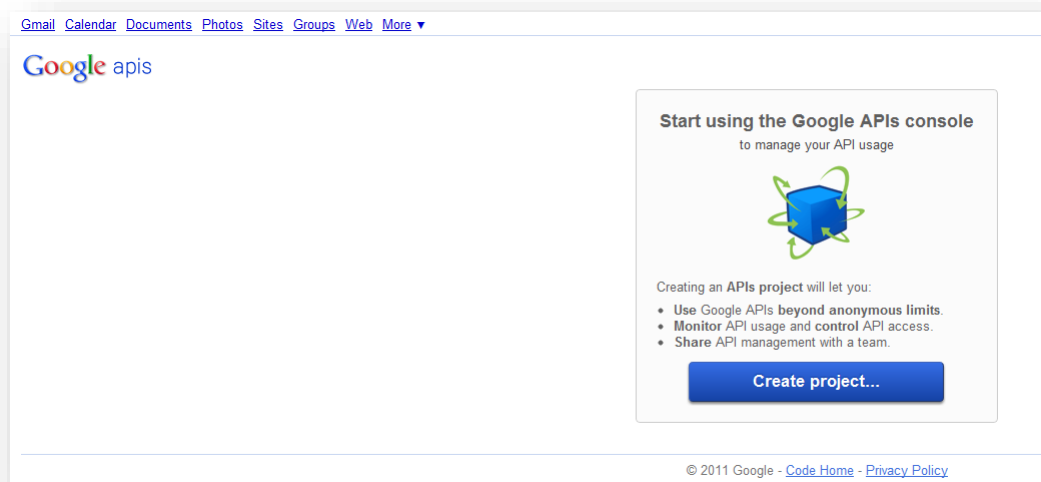


Field	Value
<b>ApplicationId</b>	The <b>API Key</b> value of the web application
<b>ApplicationSecret</b>	The <b>Secret Key</b> value of the web application
<b>Network</b>	LinkedIn

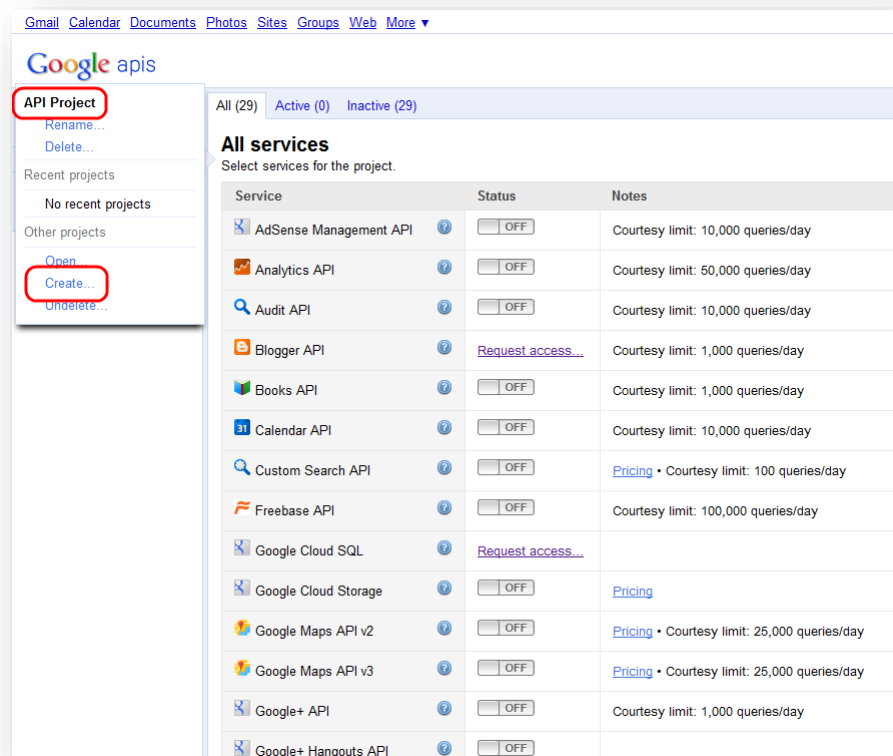
### 2.3.4 Creating and Configuring a Google+ Web Application

To create and configure a web application for Google+:

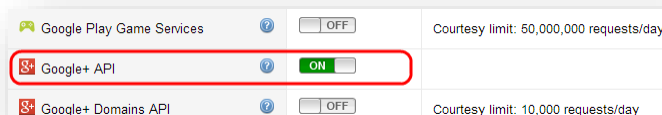
1. Go to <https://code.google.com/apis/console> and create a new project:



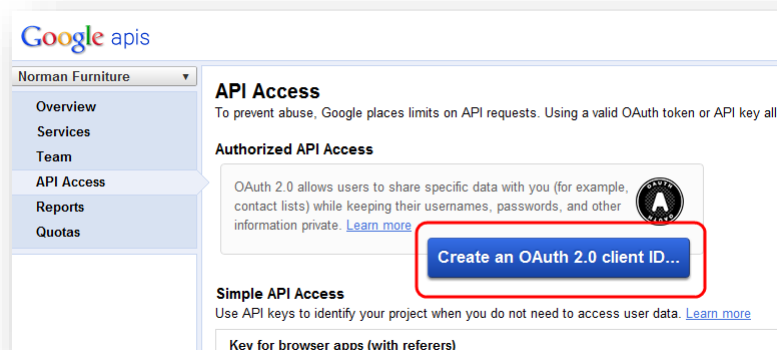
- On the **All Services** page, expand **API Project** menu and click **Create**.



- In the **Create Project** dialog box, enter the name of the project and then click **Create Project**.
- On the **All Services** page, set **Google+ API** to **On**.



- In the left-hand menu, click **API Access**.
- On the **API Access** page, click **Create an OAuth 2.0 client ID**.



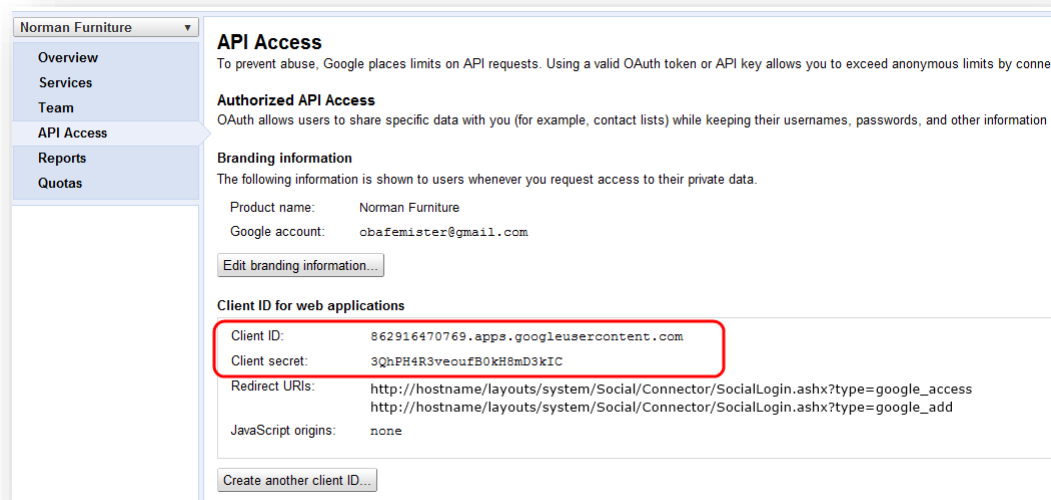
7. In the **Create Client ID** dialog box, on the **Branding Information** page, enter the name in the **Product Name** field and click **Next**.
8. In the **Create Client ID** dialog box, on the **Client ID Settings** page, select **Web Application** type. Skip the website field.
9. In the **Create Client ID** dialog box, on the **Client ID Settings** page, click **Create Client ID**.
10. On the **API Access** page, in the **Client ID** for web application section, click **Edit Settings**.
11. In the **Edit Client Settings** dialog box, enter the following URLs in the **Authorized Redirect URLs** field:
 

```
http://hostname/layouts/system/Social/Connector/SocialLogin.ashx?type=google_access
```

```
http://hostname/layouts/system/Social/Connector/SocialLogin.ashx?type=google_add
```

```
http://hostname/layouts/system/Social/Connector/SocialLogin.ashx?type=access
```

 where `hostname` is the name of the host that is running the website.
12. In the **Edit Client Settings** dialog box, click **Update**.
13. On the **API Access** page, save the values of the **Client ID** and **Client secret** fields.

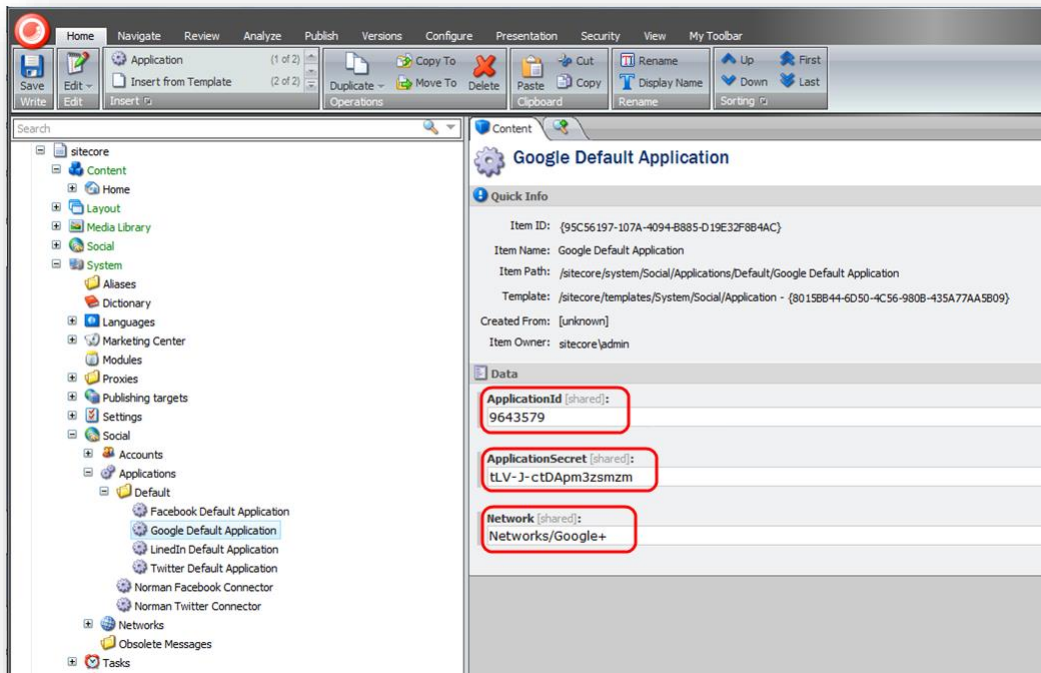


14. In Sitecore, in the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/applications/default` folder.
15. In this folder, create an item based on the `sitecore/templates/system/social/application` template.

### Important

The `Default` folder must contain only one item for the corresponding social network. If you are going to use several web applications for one social network, create the new items in the `sitecore/system/social/applications` folder.

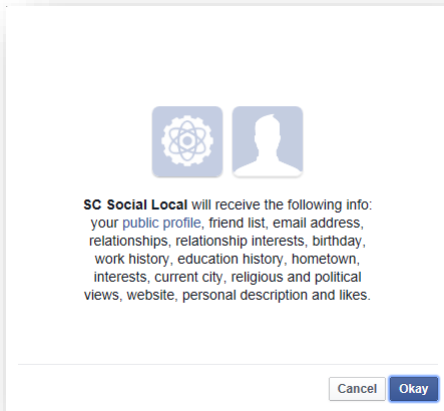
16. In the new item, enter the appropriate information:



Field	Value
<b>ApplicationId</b>	The <b>Client ID</b> value of the web application
<b>ApplicationSecret</b>	The <b>Client secret</b> value of the web application
<b>Network</b>	Google+

## 2.4 Configuring Access to the Visitor's Profile Information

When a visitor logs in to the website with their social network credentials, the module redirects them to the login page of the social network. On that page, the visitor enters their credentials and the web application asks the visitor to grant it access to their profile information.



You can configure the exact information that the web application will ask for.

### 2.4.1 Web Application Access Request for Facebook, LinkedIn and Google+

For Facebook, LinkedIn, and Google+ you configure the access request in the `Sitecore.social.profilemapping.network_name.config` file.

To configure the fields that the web application can access:

1. Open the `[website_root]\app_config\include\sitecore.social.profilemapping.network_name.config` file.
2. In the configuration section for the social network, in the configuration section for the field that you want the web application to use, set the `field enabled` parameter to `true`.
3. If the field is private, you must set its `permission` parameter according to the official social network documentation.

For example, to get access to the **Groups** field on Facebook, the field section in the `Sitecore.social.profilemapping.Facebook.config` file should look like this:

```
<!-- 'Groups' field. -->
<!-- The Groups that the user belongs to. -->
<field enabled="true" originalKey="" sitecoreKey="fb_groups" permission="user_groups"
access="/me/groups" text="Groups" />
```

For more information about user profile fields, see the official documentation of the social network:

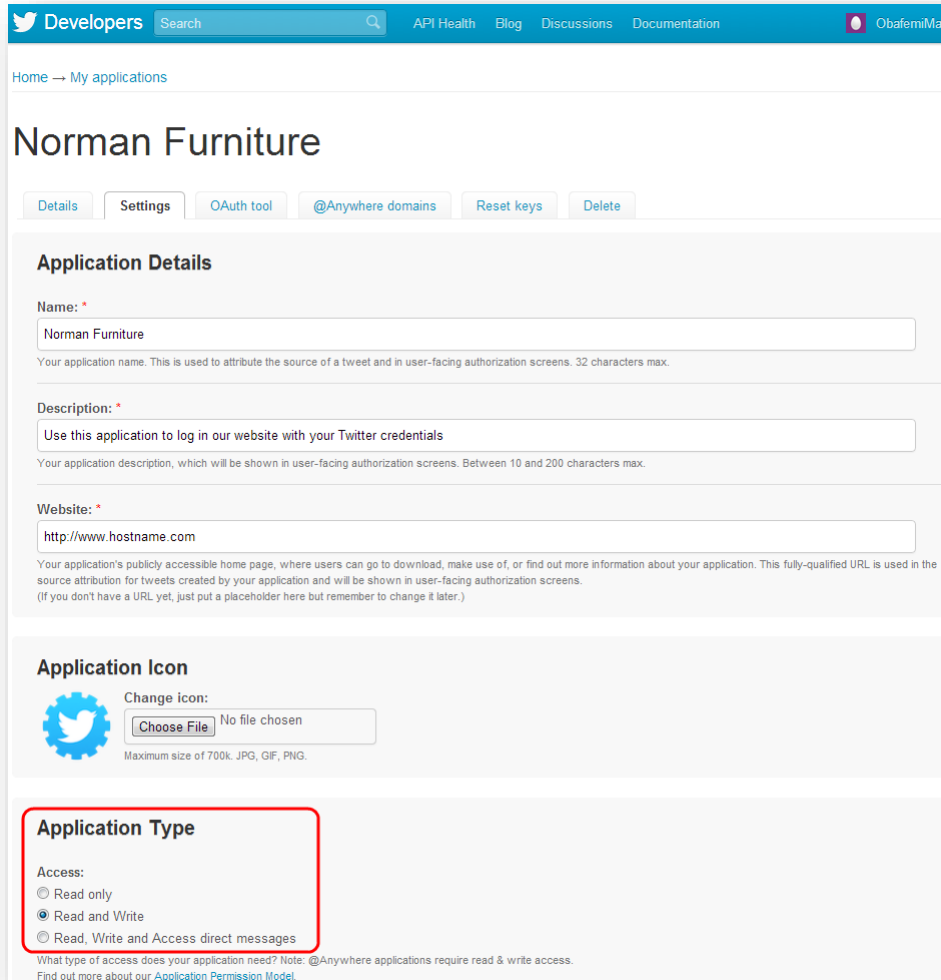
- For Facebook documentation, go to <http://developers.facebook.com/docs/reference/api/user/>.
- For LinkedIn documentation, go to <https://developer.linkedin.com/documents/profile-fields>.
- For new Google+ API, go to <https://developers.google.com/+api/latest/people>.

### 2.4.2 Twitter Web Application Access Request

For Twitter, you can configure access request on the web application page.

To configure the fields that the web application can access:

1. Go to <https://dev.twitter.com/apps> and then go to the web application.
2. On the **Settings** tab, in the **Application Type** section, select the **Read and Write** or **Read, Write and Access direct messages** check box.



The screenshot shows the Twitter Developer application settings page for an application named "Norman Furniture". The page is divided into several sections: "Application Details", "Application Icon", and "Application Type". The "Application Type" section is highlighted with a red box and contains three radio button options: "Read only", "Read and Write", and "Read, Write and Access direct messages". The "Read and Write" option is selected. Below the radio buttons, there is a note: "What type of access does your application need? Note: @Anywhere applications require read & write access. Find out more about our [Application Permission Model](#)."

3. Click **Update these twitter application settings** to save the changes.

For more information about the user profile fields on Twitter, see the official Twitter documentation <https://dev.twitter.com/docs/api/1.1/get/users/show> .

## 2.5 Placing Social Connector Controls on a Web Page

You can configure and place log in controls for the social networks on the website. You can find the controls in the `sitecore/layout/sublayouts/social/connector` folder. For the MVC layout, use the Social Connected renderings in the `sitecore/layouts/Renderings/Social MVC/Connector` folder. You can fully customize these controls (change images, texts, and so on). To have the renderings work with the MVC layout, in the `\Website\Global.asax` file, insert the following strings to the `Application_Start` method:

```
public void Application_Start() {  
    AreaRegistration.RegisterAllAreas();  
}
```

By default, the Social Connector controls use social web applications that are stored in the `sitecore/system/social/applications/default` folder

In the API, you can specify the social web application to be used by Social Connector. In the `ApplicationItemId` parameter, specify the ID of the Sitecore item containing social web application settings.

For a code sample, see the section *Disabling the Attachment of a Visitor's Social Network Accounts to their User Profile*.



## 2.6 Mapping the Fields in the Visitor Profile

When a website visitor logs in to the website with their social network credentials, the module receives their visitor profile information from the social network. This information is saved in the corresponding user profile on the website. The information is stored in the *Core* database, in the `aspnet_profile` table. By default, the module saves the information from the social network in the fields with the corresponding prefixes. For example, `fb` is a prefix for Facebook fields. You can change the field mappings in the `sitecore.social.profilemapping.network_name.config` file.

To change the field mappings between a social network visitor profile and the user profile on the website:

1. Open the `[website_root]\app_config\include\sitecore.social.profilemapping.network_name.config` file.
2. In the configuration section for the social network, set the following fields according to the official social network API documentation:

Field	Description
<b>originalKey</b>	All social networks use this field.
<b>Permission</b>	Facebook uses this field.
<b>Access</b>	Facebook uses this field.
<b>xmlPath</b>	LinkedIn uses this field.
<b>text</b>	All social networks use this field.

3. In the configuration section for the social network, set the **sitecoreKey** field to the name of the Sitecore database field.

### Important

We recommend that you do not change the **sitecoreKey** field values.

For more information about the user profile fields, see the official documentation of the social network:

- For Facebook documentation, go to <http://developers.facebook.com/docs/reference/api/user/>.
- For LinkedIn documentation, go to <https://developer.linkedin.com/documents/profile-fields>.
- For new Google+ API, go to <https://developers.google.com/+api/latest/people>.
- For Twitter documentation, go to <https://dev.twitter.com/docs/api/1.1/get/users/show>.

For more information about the **originalKey** field for Twitter, see the properties of the **TwitterUser** class in the **TweetSharp** library.

For more information about the **originalKey** field for Google+, see the **WellKnownAttribute** class in the **DotNetOpenAuth** library.

## 2.7 Synchronizing User Information

When a website visitor logs in to the website, Sitecore Connector receives and saves all the user profile information from the social network that the visitor has allowed the network to share. This information is saved to the user profile.

You can configure whether or not the module should update a user's profile every time they log in. In the `Sitecore.social.config` file, use the following parameters:

- `Social.ProfileUpdating.EnableProfileUpdating` — enables or disables updating user profiles on log in;
- `Social.ProfileUpdating.DaysUserProfileExpiration` — the number of days after which the module should update the profile of a user when they log in.

The module receives user profile information in two stages:

- When the website visitor enters their social network credentials, the module receives basic data from the social network: ID, email, application key, application secret, access token, and access token secret. The module uses this information to identify the visitor.
- When the visitor is identified, the module receives all the information from the user profile that the visitor has allowed to be shared. As a result, this information comes later than basic data. However, you can use the new parameter in the `LoginUser` and `AttachUser` methods to configure the module so that it receives all the user information at the same time.

For a sample code, see the section, *Disabling the Attachment of a Visitor's Social Network Accounts to their User Profile*.

To regularly update user information with the user profile data from the social network, you can use a Sitecore scheduled task. This allows you to synchronize the user information with the social network regardless of the user's activity on your website.

By default the scheduled task for synchronizing data between the users' profiles on the social networks and their profile information on your website is created but not run.

To run the scheduled task:

1. In Sitecore, in the **Content Editor**, select the `Sitecore/System/Tasks/Schedules/Social/Synchronize Social Media Info` item.
2. In the **Schedule** field, set the schedule.

For more information about using the **Schedule** field, see the [Scheduled Tasks](#) article on the SDN.

Alternatively, you can set and run the scheduled task in the `sitecore.social.config` file:

1. In the `[website_root]\app_config\include\sitecore.social.config` file, in the scheduling section, set the interval value:

```
<scheduling>
  <!-- Agent to process social data daily update. -->
  <!-- To enable it set the interval value. -->
  <agent type="Sitecore.Social.Client.Tasks.SynchronizeSocialMediaInfo"
method="SynchronizeData" interval="00:00:00" />
</scheduling>
```

When the module synchronizes information, it follows these rules:

- If the field in the social network user profile has been updated, Sitecore updates this field in the user profile.
- If the field in the social network user profile has become blank, Sitecore clears this field in the user profile.

## 2.8 Disabling the Attachment of a Visitor's Social Network Accounts to their User Profile

The Social Connected module lets the visitor who logged in to the website with their social network account add one more social network account to their user profile by default. In this case, the module does not create a new account but adds the information to an existing user profile.

You can disable this functionality by editing the following API:

```
protected void FacebookLoginButtonOneClick(object sender, ImageClickEventArgs e)
{
    const bool updateSocialProfileAsync = true;

    var connectorClientManager = new ConnectorClientManager();

    if (!Sitecore.Context.User.IsAuthenticated)
    {
        connectorClientManager.LogOnUser(
            "Facebook",
            new ApplicationCredentials
            {
                ApplicationKey = "<your app key>",
                ApplicationSecret = "<your app secret>"
            },
            updateSocialProfileAsync);
    }
    else
    {
        connectorClientManager.AttachToUser(
            "Facebook",
            new ApplicationCredentials
            {
                ApplicationKey = "<your app key>",
                ApplicationSecret = "<your app secret>"
            },
            updateSocialProfileAsync);
    }
}
```

## Chapter 3

# Posting Messages to Social Networks when a Goal is Triggered

The Social Connected module can automatically post messages to Facebook and Twitter when a website visitor triggers a goal on the website.

This feature requires that you have the Digital Marketing Suite 2.0 or later installed and that Social Connector is configured on the website.

For Facebook, you can post messages both to the visitor's timeline and to their Facebook pages. For Twitter, you can post tweets to the visitor timeline.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Configuration
- Creating a Message
- Asking the Visitor if they Want Messages Posted Automatically
- Placing Goal Context Information in the Message Body

## 3.1 Configuration

The Social Connected module can post messages to social networks when a website visitor triggers a goal on the website. To enable this feature, you must configure the Social Connector because the module requires that the website visitor logs in to the website with their social network credentials.

You can use this feature to post messages to Facebook and Twitter.

Before we explain how to configure posting messages on goal triggering, we will describe a use case in which the module automatically posts messages to social networks when a website visitor uploads a new image to the website.

### 3.1.1 Use Case

A visitor logs in to the website with their social network credentials. When the visitor triggers a goal, the module posts a message to the corresponding social network. You can configure the goal and the text used in the message.

#### Example:

A website visitor logs in to the website with their Facebook credentials. The visitor uploads an image *Friday Party* to the website. The *uploading an image* goal is triggered and the Social Connected module posts a message to the visitor's timeline on Facebook saying that the visitor uploaded the image called *Friday Party*.

### 3.1.2 Configuration Actions

To configure the posting of messages when a goal is achieved:

1. Configure Social Connector.

For more information about Social Connector configuration, see the section, *Configuration Overview*.

2. Create a goal.

For more information about configuring goals and page events, see the document [Marketing Operations Cookbook](#), chapter *Goals, Campaigns, and Events*.

3. Create a goal message that is sent to the social network.

For more information about editing messages, see the section *Creating a Message*.

After you have configured this, you can:

- Create a UI control that asks website visitors for permission to post messages to their social networks when they trigger goals.

For more information about creating UI control, see the section *Asking the Visitor if they Want Messages Posted Automatically*.

- Create personalized messages using goal context parameters.

For more information about the usage of goal context parameters, see the section *Placing Goal Context Information in the Message Body*.

#### Note

The analytics features used by the Social Connected module, such as goals, page events, and so on require Sitecore DMS 2.0.0 or later.

## 3.2 Creating a Message

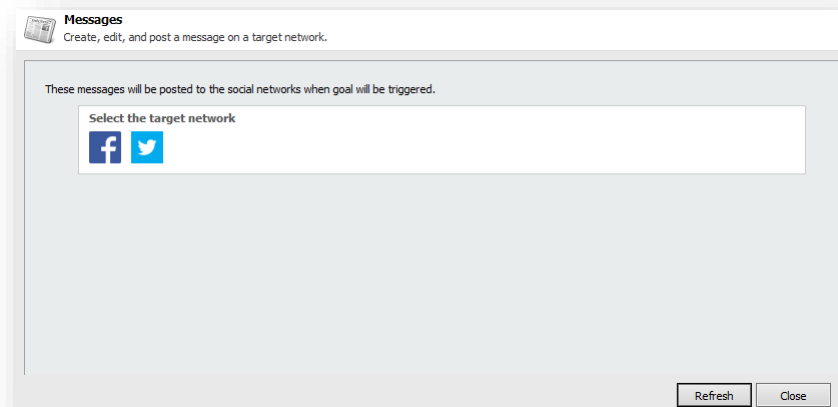
When you have configured Social Connector and assigned a goal to an item, you can edit the message.



### Note

You can only post a message to a social network once.

To edit the message text:

1. In Sitecore, in the **Marketing Center**, select the goal that you want to bind a message to. Usually, the goals are stored in the folder `sitecore/system/marketing center/goals`.
2. In the **Marketing Center**, on the **Publish** tab, click **Messages**. The **Messages** dialog box appears.



3. In the **Messages** dialog box, click the **Create a Facebook Message** button  or the **Create a Twitter Message** button .
4. In the **Facebook message** or **Twitter message** dialog box, in the **Message** field, enter the text of the message. The rest of the fields are optional.

### Note

Facebook limits the message text to 63000 symbols and Twitter limits the text to 140 symbols.

### Note

If you select a campaign that will be triggered when a visitor clicks the link, you must deploy this campaign in advance.

5. In the **Facebook message** or the **Twitter message** dialog box, click **OK** to close the dialog box.

### Important

You must publish the messages that you have created for the goals before they can be posted to the social networks. You can find the messages folder in the `Sitecore/Social/Messages` folder.

To put a URL in the middle of the message text, in the **Twitter message** dialog box, use the `$link` token in the **Message** field and enter the URL in the **Link** field. This token does not work for Facebook messages because Facebook structures the links according to Facebook's design.

### 3.3 Asking the Visitor if they Want Messages Posted Automatically

When you have configured Sitecore to post messages to the social network when a visitor achieves a goal on the website, this functionality applies to every visitor.

If you want to ask website visitors whether or not they want messages to be posted on their social network timelines, you must disable sending of messages by default and create a UI control to ask the visitor what they prefer:

1. In the `[website_root]\app_config\include\sitecore.social.config` file, set the value of the `Social.AllowMessagePostingByDefault` setting to `false`.
2. Use the Sitecore API to create a UI control that asks the visitor whether or not they want to allow the Social Connected module to send messages to their social network timelines.

Use the following methods of the `Sitecore.Social.Api.PostingPreferenceManager` class:

- o `GetPostingPreference`
- o `SetPostingPreference`.

For example, the following code snippet asks the current visitor to decide whether or not to post a specific message. The message is specified in the message id:

```
var postingPreferenceManager = new PostingPreferenceManager();
var status = postingPreferenceManager.GetPostingPreference(Sitecore.Context.User,
messageId).AutomaticPostingPreference;
var newStatus = status == AutomaticPostingPreference.Allowed ?
AutomaticPostingPreference.Denied : AutomaticPostingPreference.Allowed;
postingPreferenceManager.SetPostingPreference(Sitecore.Context.User, messageId,
newStatus);
```

### 3.4 Placing Goal Context Information in the Message Body

You can use the Sitecore API to place some of the context information about how or when a goal is achieved in a personalized message that is posted on a social network.

For example, when a website visitor uploads an image to the website and triggers the *uploading image* goal, you can transfer the name of the image as a goal parameter and then add this information as a token to the message body. Use the

`Sitecore.Social.Client.Api.SocialPageEventClientManager` class and the `TriggerSocialPageEvent` method to transfer goal parameters.

For example, the following code snippet passes a username parameter to the social publishing engine:

```
var parameters = new Dictionary<string, string>
{
    {
        "username", Sitecore.Context.User.Name
    }
};
var socialPageEventClientManager = new SocialPageEventClientManager();
socialPageEventClientManager.TriggerSocialPageEvent("Login", parameters);
```



## Chapter 4

# Posting Content Messages to Social Networks

The Social Connected module can post messages to social networks when you publish Sitecore items. You bind the message to the content item, and the module posts this message automatically when you publish the content item. You can also post these messages manually without publishing the content items.

This feature works with Facebook and Twitter. You can post messages to a visitor's timeline on Facebook and to a Facebook page. You can post messages (tweets) to the timeline of a Twitter user who has used the web application to create a Twitter account.

The Social Connected module lets you create social marketer messages. A social marketer message is a request to a social media marketer. In this request, an author informs the social media marketer that new content is ready to be promoted in social networks. The media marketers must have access to Sitecore Workbox to be able to work with social marketer messages.

You can use the standard Sitecore workflow functionality to make sure the messages are reviewed before they are posted to social networks.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Use Case
- Configuration Overview
- Configuring Access to Social Networks
- Creating a Network Account Item
- Creating a Social Marketer Account Item
- Customizing a Workflow
- Creating a Message
- Reviewing Messages
- Tracking Statistics on a Content Message

## 4.1 Use Case

This use case outlines how the module automatically posts messages to a social network when a new webpage is published on the website. All the messages are reviewed before they are posted to a social network.

Your company produces and sells smartphones. When the company produces a new smartphone, a new web page is created on the website describing the features. To attract more attention to the new model, you can automatically post messages to your website's timeline on Facebook or to the corresponding timeline on Twitter informing that you have unveiled a new product. This message can also contain the link to the new webpage. You can assign a campaign to this link, so you can view DMS statistics.

Your company has a set of accounts in various social networks:

- A Facebook fans page
- A Facebook official page
- A Twitter official timeline

In addition, your company has a media marketer who promotes the company products on social networks.

You control who creates, edits, approves, and posts social messages to social network accounts:

- Messages for the Facebook fans page are written and posted by content authors without reviewing.
- Messages for the official pages are written by content authors, reviewed by management, and posted by authors.
- Content authors create social marketer messages in which they ask media marketers to post messages to specific social networks.

This was an example of how you can use the Social Connected module to post content messages to social networks.

## 4.2 Configuration Overview

To configure the posting of content messages:

1. Create and configure a web application on the social network and create a Sitecore item for the web application. The web application links the module with the social network.
2. Create a Sitecore item for the social network account or the social marketer account.
3. Create a message and either post it immediately to the social network or post it later when you publish the Sitecore item.

To configure social marketer messages:

1. Create a Sitecore item for the social marketer account.
2. Create a social marketer message.

For more information about how to create and configure a web application, see the section *Configuring Access to Social Networks*.

For more information about how to create an account item, see the section *Creating a Network Account Item*.

For more information about how to create a social marketer account item, see the section *Creating a Social Marketer Account Item*.

For more information about how to implement a custom workflow for messages, see the section, *Customizing a Workflow*.

For more information about creating and posting messages, see the section, *Creating a Message*.

### 4.2.1 Generating URLs

In a single-site solution, where the Content Management and Content Delivery servers are on different domains, in the `Sitecore.Social.config` file, in the `Social.LinkDomain` attribute, specify the host name.

In a multisite solution, on the Content Management server, in the `web.config` file, the module uses the path of the content item that the message is associated with to look for a matching website in the `<sites>` section and its `startItem` attribute. The module then uses the `hostName` attribute of that website to generate the URLs.

## 4.3 Configuring Access to Social Networks

When interacting with social networks, the module uses the API of the social networks. You must create a web application for every social network that you want the module to communicate with and create a Sitecore item for the social network account.

### 4.3.1 Facebook

To configure the posting of content messages to Facebook:

1. Create a new web application or use an existing one, and then create a Sitecore item for the web application.

For more information about creating a web application, see the section *Creating and Configuring a Facebook Web Application*.

2. In Sitecore, in the Content Editor, in the `/sitecore/system/Social/Accounts/` folder, create a new account item using the wizard. For more information about how to create a Facebook account item, see the section *Creating a Network Account Item*.

### 4.3.2 Twitter

To configure the posting of content messages to Twitter:

1. Create a new web application or use the existing one, and create a Sitecore item for the web application. For more information about how to create a web application, see the section *Creating and Configuring a Twitter Web Application*.

2. Set the required permissions on the web application.

For more information about the required permissions, see the section *Twitter Web Application*.

3. In Sitecore, in the Content Editor, in the `/sitecore/system/Social/Accounts/` folder, use the wizard to create a new account item.

For more information about how to create a Twitter account item, see the section *Creating a Network Account Item*.

### 4.3.3 Social Marketer Messages

Content authors write a social marketer message and pass it to media marketers via workflow states. Media marketers post the message to social networks using external tools.

To configure social marketer messaging:

- In Sitecore, in the Content Editor, in the `/sitecore/system/Social/Accounts/` folder, use the wizard to create a new social marketer account item.

For more information about how to create a social marketer account item, see the section *Creating a Social Marketer Account Item*.

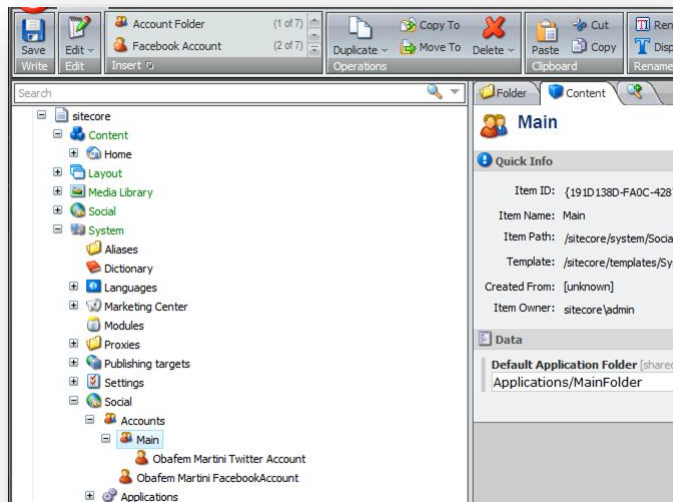
## 4.4 Creating a Network Account Item

Before you create an account item, you can create an account folder to store account items.

To create an account folder:

1. In the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/accounts` folder.
2. Click the **Account Folder** insert option and enter the name of the folder.
3. In the new folder, on the **Content** tab, in the **Default Application Folder** field, specify the application folder.

The web applications in the application folder are used in the **Add a Social Network Account** wizard when an administrator creates accounts from the current account folder.

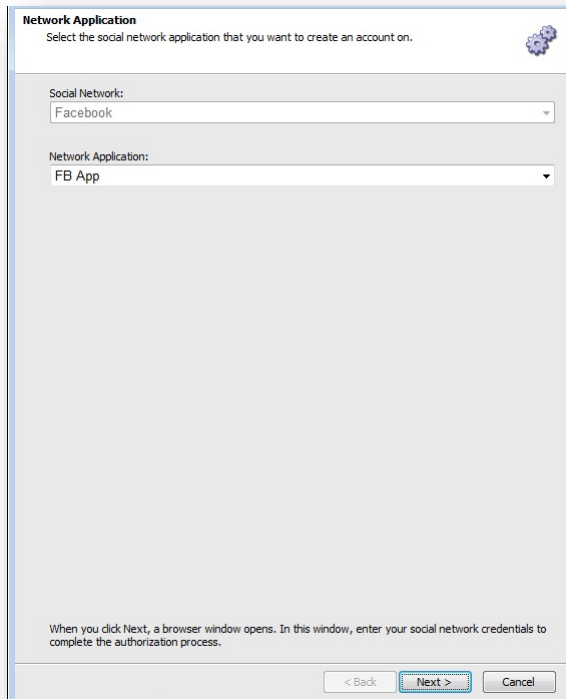


To create an account item:

1. In the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/accounts` folder and select an account folder.
2. To start the **Add a Social Network Account** wizard, click the **Facebook Account**, **Twitter Account**, **LinkedIn Account**, **Google+ Account** insert option.

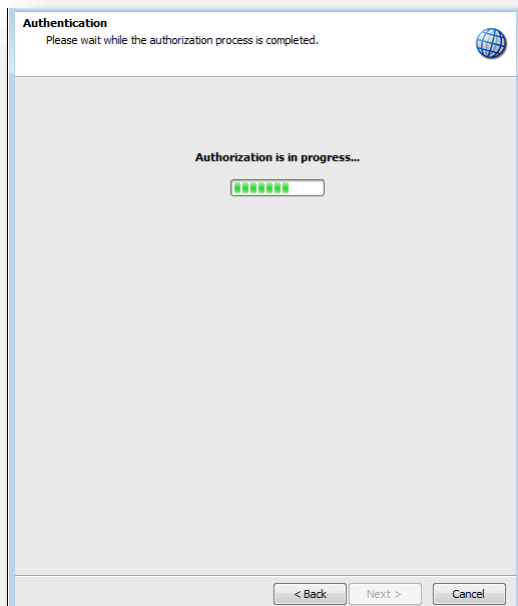
The **Add a Social Network Account** wizard guides you through the process of creating a network account.

## Network Application Page



In the **Network Application** field, select the web application that the account should use to cooperate with the social network.

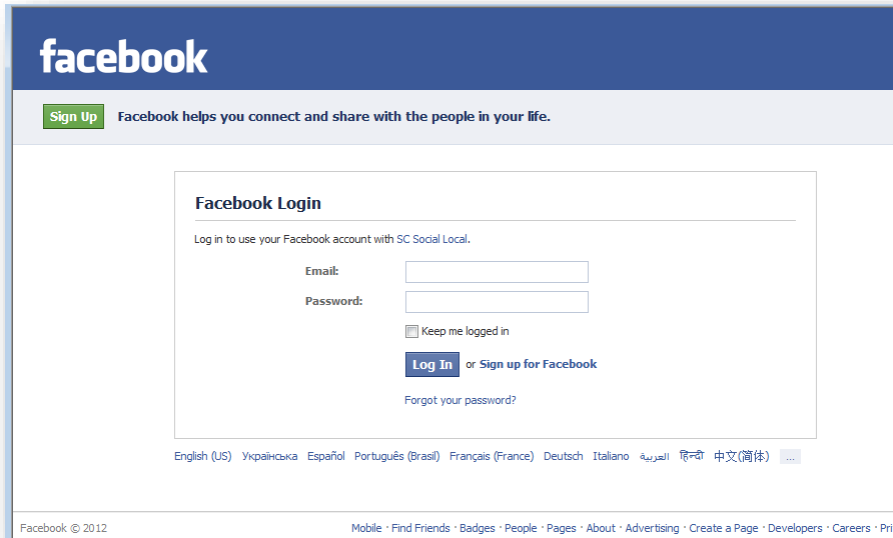
## Authentication Page



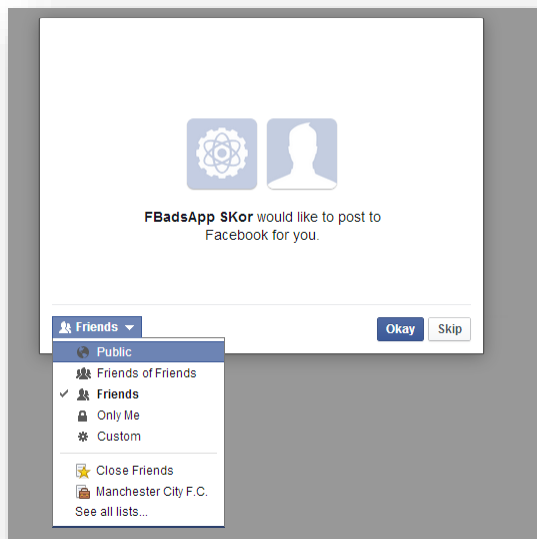
**Note**

An authentication session timeout is set to 60 seconds by default. During this period, the user can log in to the social network. If the user does not log in to a social network within this timeframe, the wizard stops. You can change this default timeout parameter in the `social.config` file, in the `Social.AddNetworkAccountWizard.AuthenticationTimeout` setting.

As a part of this step, the wizard opens a new browser window, in which you must enter the credentials of the social network user account. The module posts messages to the timeline of this user or its pages.



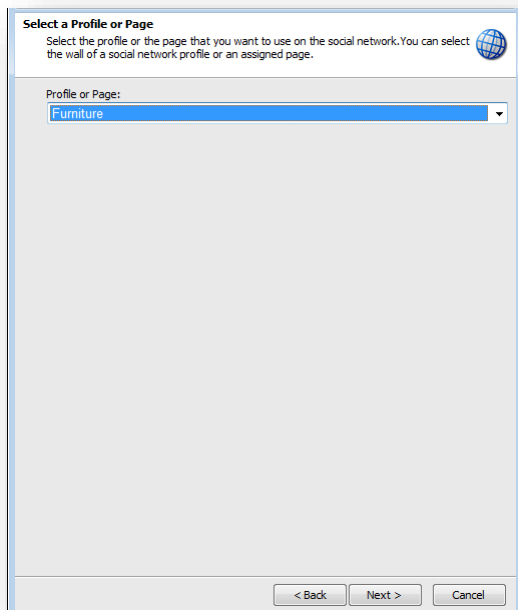
To define the user groups that can see the activity from the web application on Facebook, click the drop-down list and select one of the user groups.

**Note**

To create an account, you must set all the required permissions to *Allow*.

## Select a Profile or Page

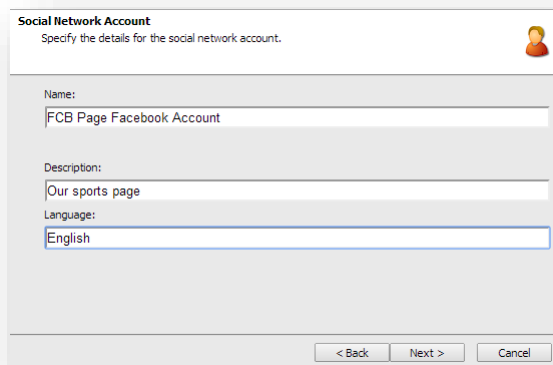
On the **Select a Profile or Page** page, you specify the profile or page that you want the module to update.



The module can post messages to the user's timeline or to any assigned Facebook pages. In the drop-down list, select where you want to post messages to.

## Social Network Account

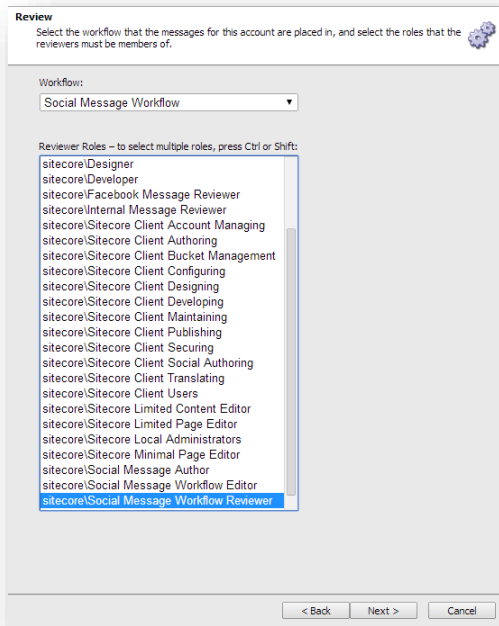
On the **Social Network Account** page, enter the name for this new network account. You can also provide additional information about the account in the **Account Description** and **Language** fields.





## Review Page

On the **Review** page, select a workflow to place the messages for the account in and assign roles for the reviewer.



For more information about security roles that you must assign to a reviewer, see the section, *Reviewing Messages*.

## Final Page

On the last page of the wizard, click **Finish** to close it.

A new account item is added to the **Content Tree**.

## 4.5 Creating a Social Marketer Account Item

Before you create an account item, you can create an account folder to store account items.

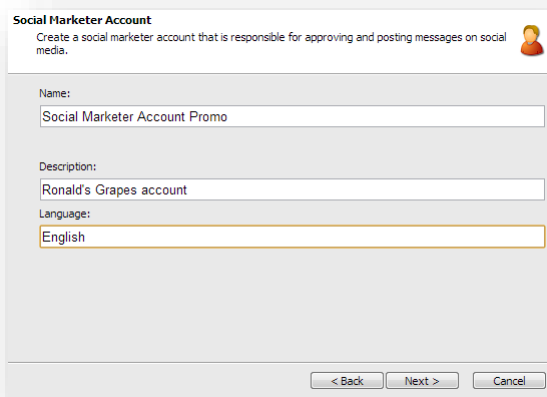
To create an account item:

1. In the **Content Editor**, navigate to the `sitecore/system/social/accounts` folder and select an account folder.
2. To start the **Create a Social Marketer Account** wizard, click the **Social Marketer Account** insert option.

The **Create a Social Marketer Account** wizard guides you through the process of creating an account.

### Social Marketer Account Page

On the **Social Marketer Account** page, enter the name for this account. You can also provide additional information about the account in the **Description** and **Language** fields.

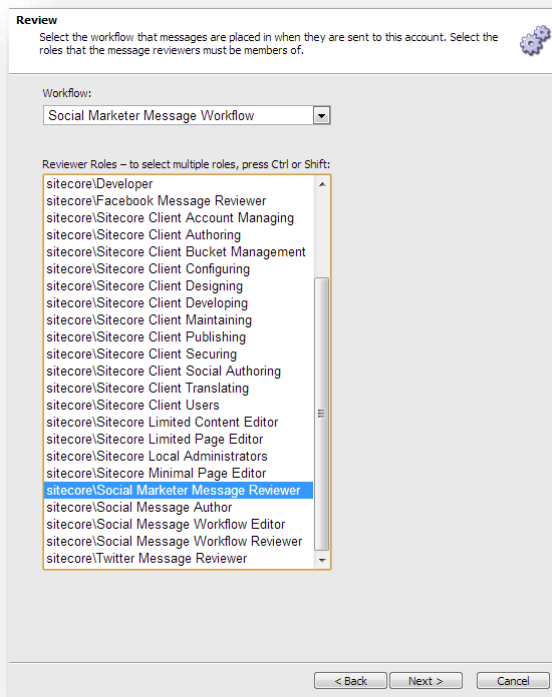


The screenshot shows a wizard window titled "Social Marketer Account". The window contains the following text and fields:

- Title: Social Marketer Account
- Instruction: Create a social marketer account that is responsible for approving and posting messages on social media.
- Field Name: Name
- Field Value: Social Marketer Account Promo
- Field Name: Description
- Field Value: Ronald's Grapes account
- Field Name: Language
- Field Value: English
- Navigation buttons: < Back, Next >, Cancel

## Review Page

On the **Review** page, select a workflow to place the messages for the account in and assign roles for the reviewer.



For more information about security roles that you must assign to a reviewer, see the section, *Reviewing Messages*.

## Final Page

On the last page of the wizard, click **Finish** to close it.

A new account item is added to the **Content Tree**.

## 4.6 Customizing a Workflow

The Social Connected module provides a Social Message workflow that contains two states: *Draft* and *Awaiting Approval*. You can create your own workflow and place application messages into it.

To enable a custom workflow:

1. Create a workflow.

For more information about working with a workflow, see the *Workflow Cookbook* on the [Sitecore Developers Network](#).

2. Create security roles that have access to the workflow states and commands.
3. If you have several reviewers responsible for different social networks accounts, create a security role for each reviewer.
4. Create a social network account. In the **Create a Network Account** wizard, specify the new workflow and the roles for the reviewers.
5. Create users for authors and reviewers.

A user that is assigned to an author must be a member of the following security roles:

- sitecore\Author
- sitecore\Social Message Author
- The role that you created in step 2 of this procedure. This role grants access to the appropriate states of the workflow.

A user that is assigned to a reviewer must be a member of the following security roles:




- sitecore\Author
- The role that you created in step 3 of this procedure — it grants access to the messages of the corresponding social network account.
- The role that you created in step 2 of this procedure — it grants access to the workflow states in which the messages wait for approval.

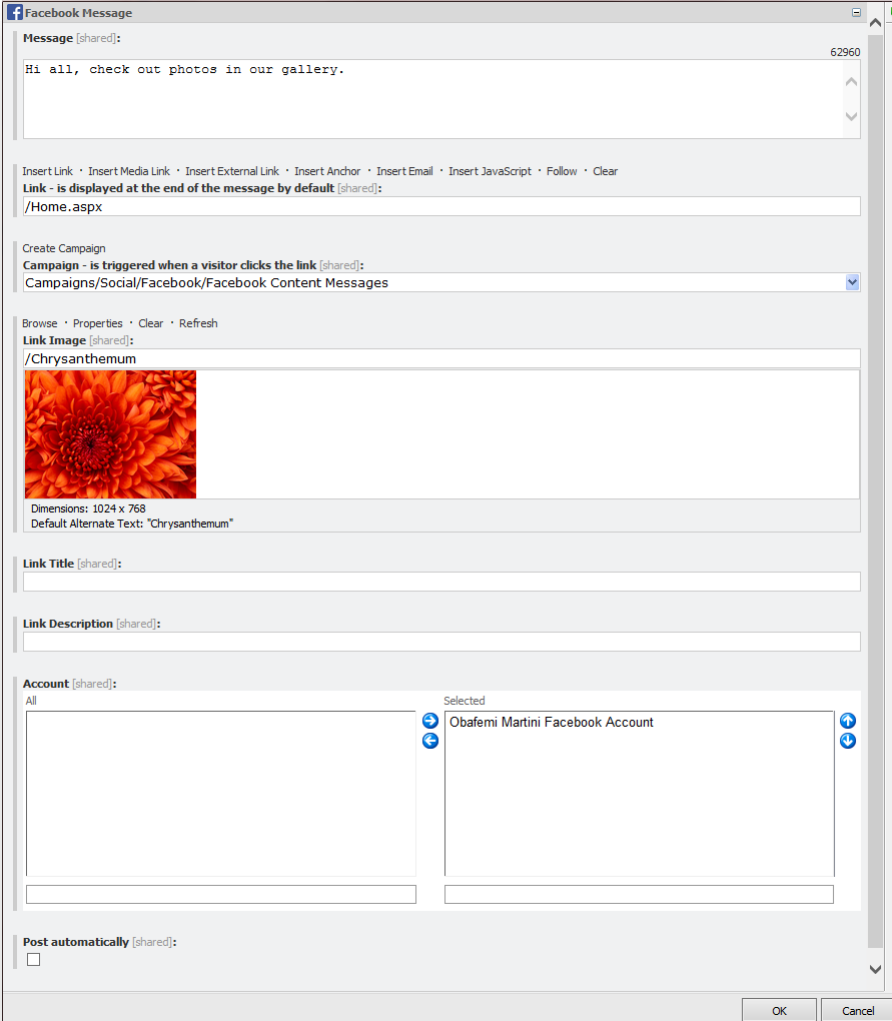
For more information about security roles, see the section *The Security Roles Used in the Social Connected Module*.

## 4.7 Creating a Message

When you have configured the web application and created a Sitecore item for the social network or the social marketer account, you can create a message.

To create and post a message:

1. In the **Sitecore Desktop**, in the **Content Editor**, select the item that you want to bind a message to.
2. On the **Publish** tab, click **Messages**. The **Messages** dialog box appears.  
Alternatively, you can create a message in the **Page Editor**. To open the **Messages** dialog box, in the **Page Editor**, on the **Home** tab, click **Messages**.
3. In the **Messages** dialog box, click the **Create a Facebook Message** button  or the **Create a Twitter Message** button  or the **Create a Social Marketer Message** button .



4. In the **Facebook Message**, **Twitter Message** or **Social Marketer Message** dialog box, in the **Message** field, enter the text of the message.
5. In the **Link** field, enter the link to the webpage that you want the website visitor to go to. By default, the link refers to the current page.
6. In the **Campaign** field, select the campaign that is triggered when a visitor clicks the link.

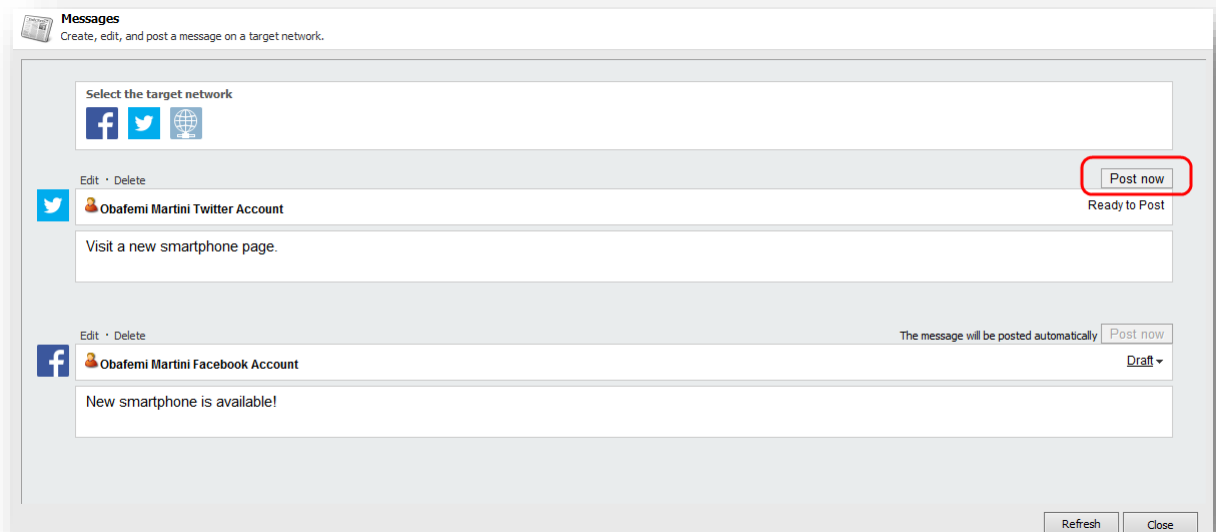
If you assign a campaign to the message, you will be able to review DMS message statistics including value, visits, and value per visits for all the visitors who click on a link in this message. Note that the campaign must be deployed before you can use it in the message.

7. Click **Create Campaign** to create a new campaign. The new campaign is stored in the appropriate folders under `Marketing Center/Campaigns/Social`.
8. To stylize the link, use the **Link Image**, **Link Title**, and **Link Description** fields. This is available for a Facebook message only.
9. To post the message automatically when you publish the current Sitecore item, select **Post automatically**. You cannot use this option for social marketer messages.

#### Note

If you use a workflow for account messages, only the messages in the final workflow state can be posted to a social network.

10. For a social marketer message, you can enter a comment to a media marketer in the **Comments** field.
11. In the **Account** field, select the social network or social marketer accounts that you want to post the message to. If you select several accounts, several messages are created – one message for every selected account.
12. Click **OK** to close the dialog box.
13. In the **Messages** dialog box, click **Post now** to post the message immediately.



In a Twitter message, the link is inserted at the end of the message by default. To put the URL in the middle of the message text, in the **Twitter message** dialog box, in the **Text** field, insert the `$link` token and in the **Link** field, enter the URL. This token does not work for Facebook messages because Facebook structures the links according to Facebook's design.

#### Note

You can only post a message to a social network once.

### 4.7.1 Posting Messages Automatically when Publishing Content Items

The Social Connected module uses a scheduled task called *Post Flagged Messages* to post content messages automatically after you publish the Sitecore items that are related to the messages.

The *Post Flagged Messages* task is stored in the *sitecore/system/tasks/schedules/social/* folder. The task is ready to use and is configured to post every hour. You can customize this schedule so that messages are posted to the social network at the most appropriate time. However, the messages cannot be posted at the exact same time as the content items are published.

**Note**

If you use a workflow for account messages, only the messages in the final workflow state can be posted to a social network.

## 4.8 Reviewing Messages

You assign a workflow to all the messages for the specific account when you create an account item.

If a message is in a workflow, it must be reviewed before you can post it to a social network.

A reviewer uses the **Workbox** – standard Sitecore tool to process items in workflows.

If you use default Social Connected workflows, you must assign the following security roles to a reviewer so that they can review the messages:

- sitecore\Author
- sitecore\Social Message Workflow Reviewer

For more information about the security roles that you must assign to a reviewer if you use a custom message workflow, see the section *Customizing a Workflow*.

For more information about security roles, see the section *The Security Roles Used in the Social Connected Module*.

To grant reviewers access to messages for different social networks, assign one of the following roles to a reviewer:

- sitecore\Facebook Message Reviewer
- sitecore\Twitter Message Reviewer
- sitecore\Social Marketer Message Reviewer

We recommend that you use the following combination of workflows and roles for accounts:

Social Network Account	Workflow	Reviewer Role
Facebook	Social Message Workflow	sitecore\Facebook Message Reviewer
Twitter	Social Message Workflow	sitecore\Twitter Message Reviewer
Social Marketer	Social Marketer Message Workflow	sitecore\Social Marketer Message Reviewer

For more information about all security roles that are used in the Social Connected module, see the section *The Security Roles Used in the Social Connected Module*.

### 4.8.1 Default Workflows

The Social Connected module provides two workflows by default:

- The *Social Message* workflow  
This workflow is for messages that are posted to social networks.
- The *Social Marketer Message* workflow  
This workflow is for social marketer messages to deliver them to media marketers.

#### Social Message Workflow

The *Social Message* workflow is designed for messages that will be posted to social networks. It contains three states:

State	Description
<i>Draft</i>	When a content author creates a message, the message is assigned to the <i>Draft</i> state.



State	Description
<i>Awaiting Approval</i>	When the content author believes that the message is ready to be posted to a social network, they submit it to the <i>Awaiting Approval</i> state. A reviewer either submits the message to the <i>Approved</i> state or rejects it and moves it back to the <i>Draft</i> state.
<i>Approved</i>	When the message enters the <i>Approved</i> state, it can be posted to a social network automatically along with the content item or manually by clicking <b>Post now</b> .

**Note**

Only the messages in the *Approved* state can be posted to social networks.

The schema of the *Social Message* workflow is:

**Social Marketer Message Workflow**

The *Social Marketer Message* workflow is designed to pass a message to the media marketer who posts the message to social networks using external tools. The *Social Marketer Message* workflow contains four states:

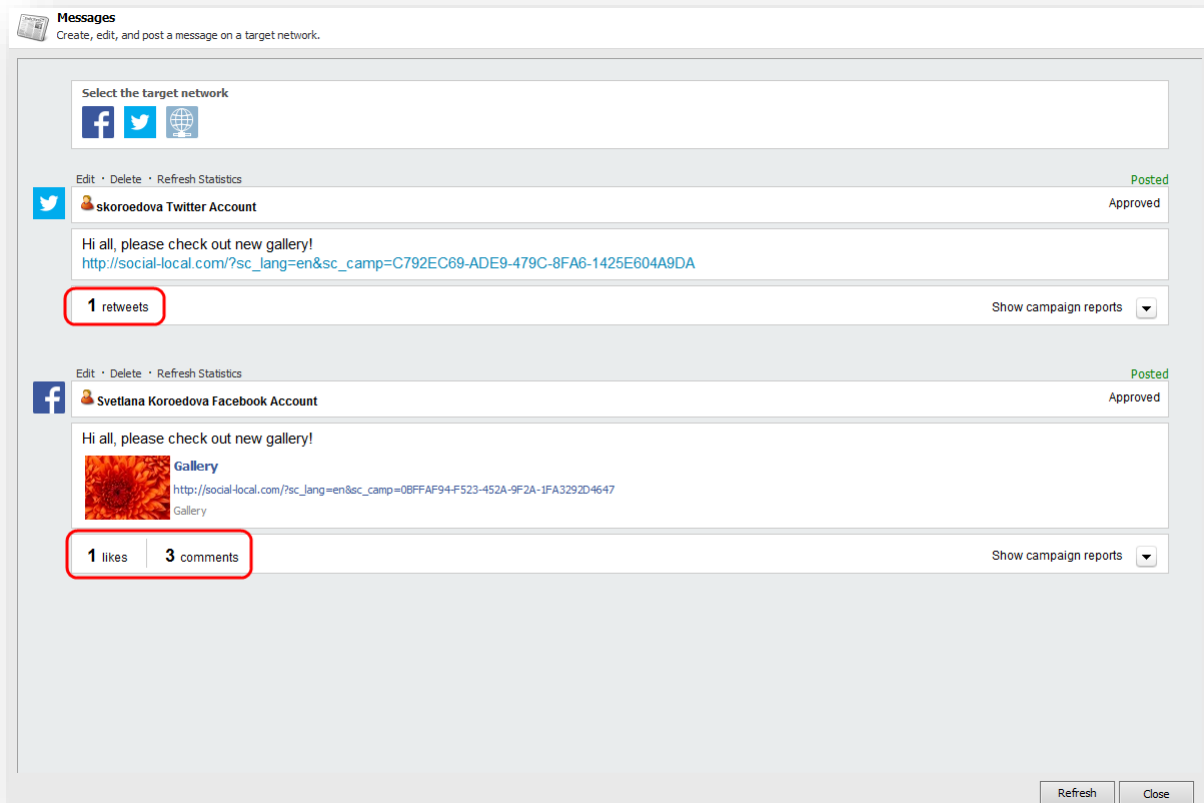
State	Description
<i>Draft</i>	When a content author creates a message, the message is assigned to the <i>Draft</i> state.
<i>Awaiting Post Review</i>	When the content author believes that the message is ready to be posted to a social network, they submit it to the <i>Awaiting Post Review</i> state. A reviewer, usually a media marketer, submits the message to the <i>Post Accepted</i> state, rejects the message and moves it back to the <i>Draft</i> state or decides that the message does not fit a social network format moving it to the <i>Post Removed</i> state.
<i>Post Removed</i>	The message in this state is never posted to a social network by the reviewer.
<i>Post Accepted</i>	The reviewer posts the message in this state to a social network.

The schema of the *Social Marketer Message* workflow is:



## 4.9 Tracking Statistics on a Content Message

On a content message, you can track the social media statistics: how many times the message is liked, commented, or retweeted.

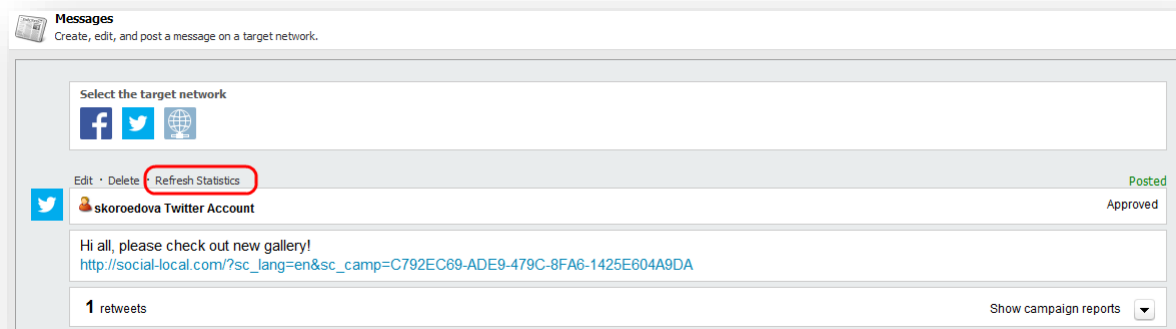


If you are using the Social Connected module with DMS, you can also see information about any campaigns that are associated with messages. For more information about campaign statistics, see the section *Tracking Campaign Statistics on a Content Message*.

You can update the social media statistics manually and automatically.

### Manually Updating the Statistics

To update the message statistics manually, click **Refresh Statistics**.



The module uses APIs of respective social networks to retrieve the updated data.

## Automatically Updating the Statistics

The Social Connected module uses the scheduled task that is called *Update Message Statistics* to update statistics. This task is stored in the `Sitecore/system/tasks/Schedules/social/` folder. It is ready to use. The task updates statistics at increasing time intervals depending on the *age* of the message, to balance the freshness of the data with the number of web requests to the social network APIs.

The module stops updating the statistics when the message is 107 days old. You can change this parameter in the `Sitecore.Social.config` file, in the `Social.FibonacciRefreshStrategy.StopRefreshAge` setting.

### Note

The Social Connected module does not provide message statistics for social marketer messages.

## Chapter 5

# Analytics Features

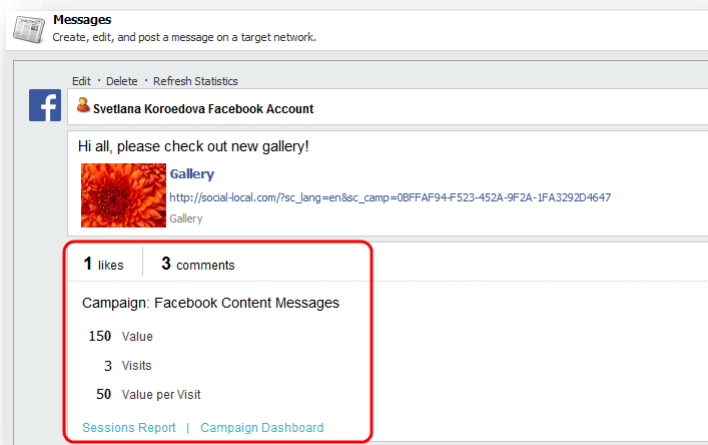
You can use the Social Connected module and the Sitecore Digital Marketing Suite to personalize your website. The Social Connected module provides the Like and Tweet buttons as standard Sitecore controls that track visitors' activity.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Tracking Campaign Statistics on a Content Message
- Putting Like and Tweet Buttons on the Web Page
- Tracking Like and Tweet Buttons Usage
- Personalization Rules for the Social Connected Module

## 5.1 Tracking Campaign Statistics on a Content Message

If you use the Social Connected module with DMS, you can track the campaign statistics on a content message.



These statistics are available for the messages that have campaigns assigned.

To see the campaign statistics, click **Show campaign reports**.

By default, a content message uses the generic *Twitter Content Messages* or *Facebook Content Messages* campaigns. The reports for these campaigns give you an overview of the effectiveness of all your Twitter or Facebook messages.

To only see the numbers for a particular message, when you set up the message, click **Create campaign** to create a new campaign for this message. For more information about creating a message, see the section, *Creating a Message*.

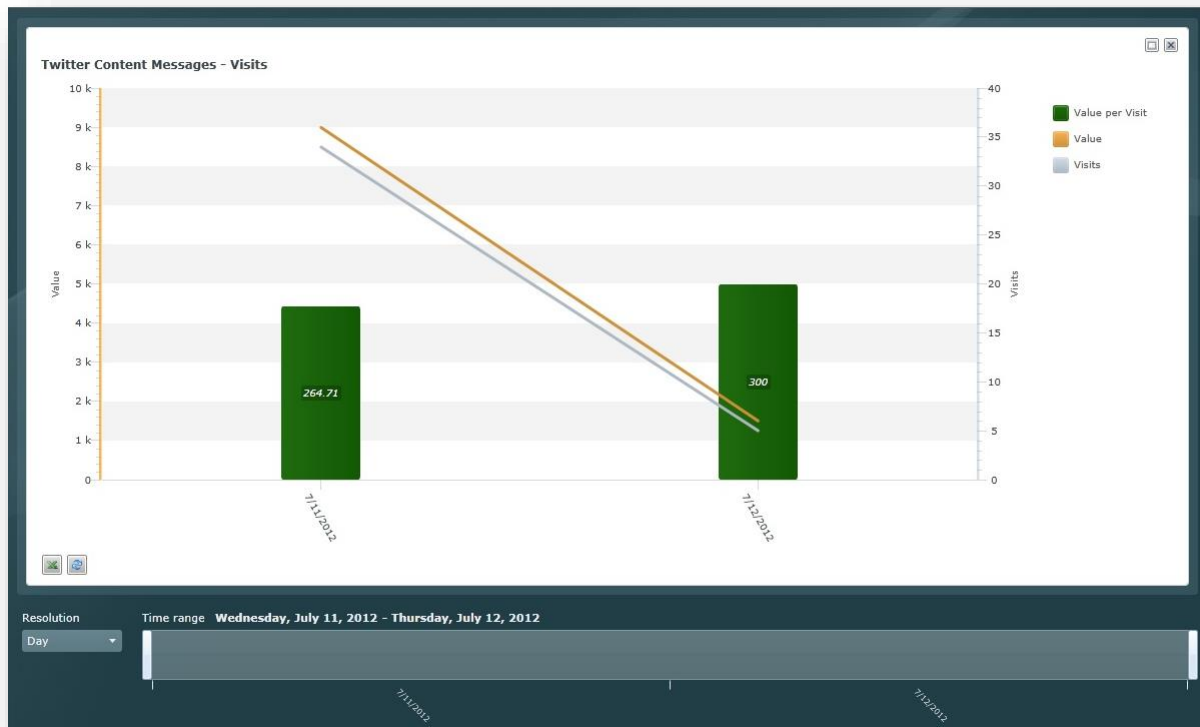
To get detailed information about a session report or a campaign dashboard, click the respective link.

### Note

The Social Connected module gathers campaign statistics from DMS aggregate tables. As a result, the campaign statistics are updated as often as the DMS aggregation task runs.

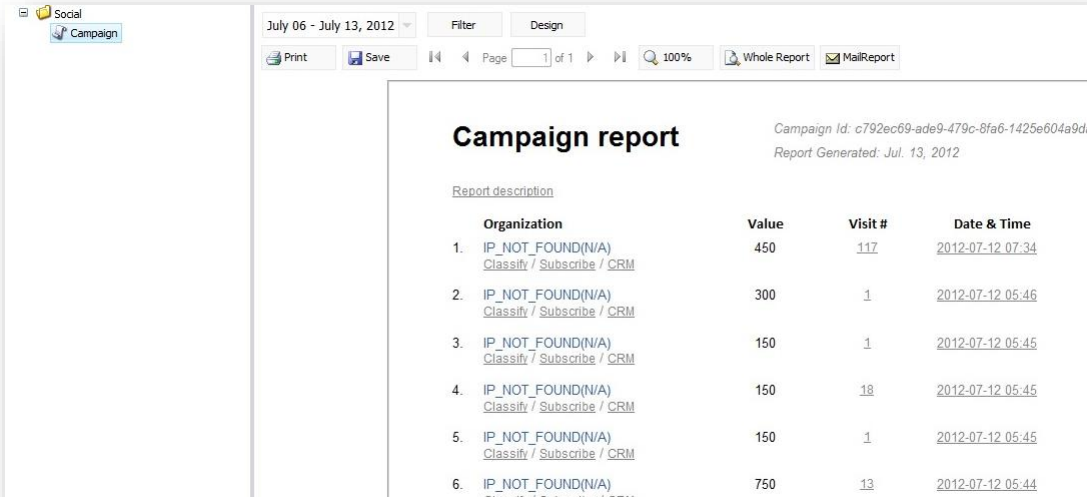
## Campaign Dashboard report

*Campaign Dashboard report* presents a campaign statistics overview, data over time, using graphs.



## Session report

*Session report* presents detailed campaign information, along with review of individual sessions and visits to understand more about the experience of the visitors after they click the twitter/facebook link. This report shows what visitors are doing on the website, what are potential problems in their experience.



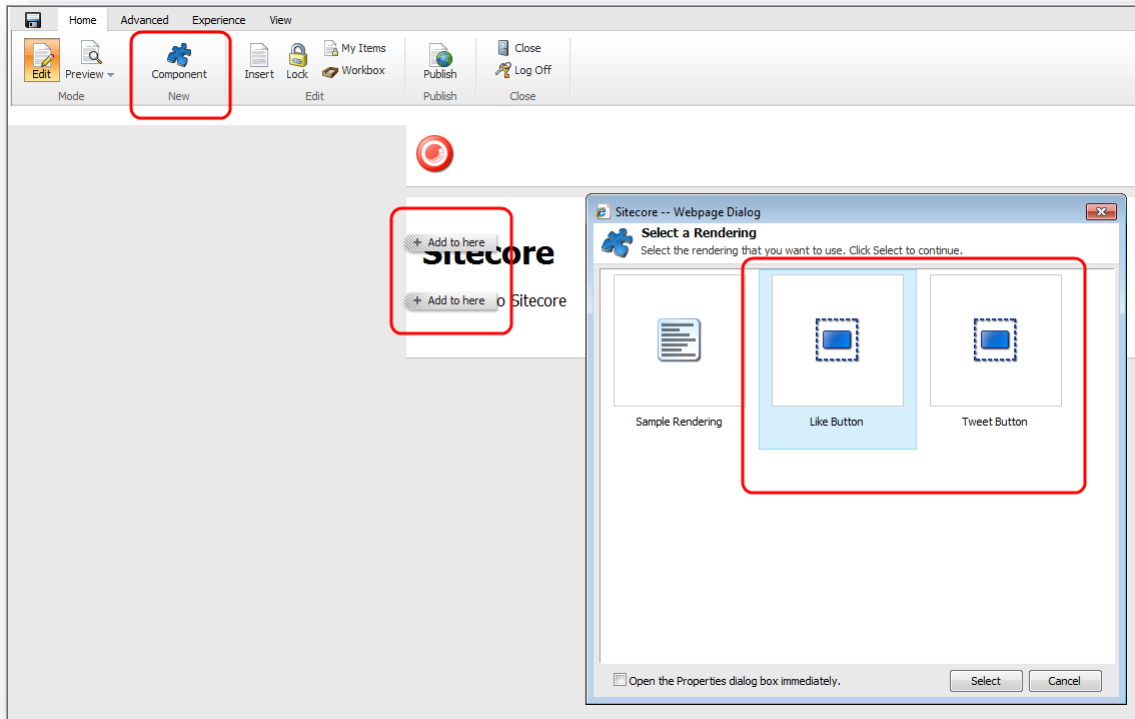
The screenshot shows a 'Campaign report' interface with a table of session details. The report is for Campaign Id: c792ec69-ade9-479c-8fa6-1425e604a9da, generated on Jul. 13, 2012. The table lists 6 sessions with columns for Organization, Value, Visit #, and Date & Time.

Organization	Value	Visit #	Date & Time
1. IP_NOT_FOUND(N/A) <a href="#">Classify</a> / <a href="#">Subscribe</a> / <a href="#">CRM</a>	450	117	<a href="#">2012-07-12 07:34</a>
2. IP_NOT_FOUND(N/A) <a href="#">Classify</a> / <a href="#">Subscribe</a> / <a href="#">CRM</a>	300	1	<a href="#">2012-07-12 05:46</a>
3. IP_NOT_FOUND(N/A) <a href="#">Classify</a> / <a href="#">Subscribe</a> / <a href="#">CRM</a>	150	1	<a href="#">2012-07-12 05:45</a>
4. IP_NOT_FOUND(N/A) <a href="#">Classify</a> / <a href="#">Subscribe</a> / <a href="#">CRM</a>	150	18	<a href="#">2012-07-12 05:45</a>
5. IP_NOT_FOUND(N/A) <a href="#">Classify</a> / <a href="#">Subscribe</a> / <a href="#">CRM</a>	150	1	<a href="#">2012-07-12 05:45</a>
6. IP_NOT_FOUND(N/A) <a href="#">Classify</a> / <a href="#">Subscribe</a> / <a href="#">CRM</a>	750	13	<a href="#">2012-07-12 05:44</a>

For more information about DMS reports, see the documentation on SDN.

## 5.2 Putting Like and Tweet Buttons on the Web Page

You can put the Like (for Facebook) and Tweet (for Twitter) buttons on the website.



Sitecore provides them as standard controls. You can find the controls in the `sitecore/layout/sublayouts/social/sharing` folder. For the MVC layout, use the Social Connected renderings in the `sitecore/layouts/Renderings/Social MVC/Sharing` folder. To have the renderings work with the MVC layout, in the `\Website\Global.asax` file, insert the following strings to the `Application_Start` method:

```
public void Application_Start() {
    AreaRegistration.RegisterAllAreas();
}
```

To make sure that users can put these controls on a webpage, you must enable the controls on the appropriate placeholder:

1. In the **Content Editor**, navigate to `sitecore/layout/placeholder` settings folder and select the placeholder item where the controls will be located
2. In the **Allowed Controls** field, add the `Like Button` and the `Tweet Button` controls to the list of the selected controls.

For more information about the *Tweet* button, see the official Twitter documentation:

<https://dev.twitter.com/docs/tweet-button>

For more information about the *Like* button, see the official Facebook documentation:

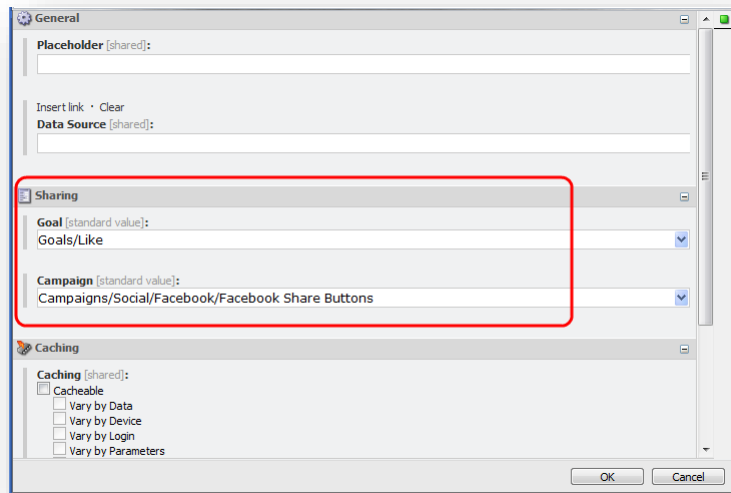
<http://developers.facebook.com/docs/reference/plugins/like/>



## 5.3 Tracking Like and Tweet Buttons Usage

After you placed the *Like* and *Tweet* buttons on the website, you can assign campaigns and goals to these buttons. Every time a website visitor clicks the button a specific goal or campaign is triggered and registered in Sitecore Analytics.

The Social Connected module provides *Like* and *Tweet* goals for the *Like* and *Tweet* buttons. You can find these goals in the `sitecore/system/marketing center/goals` folder. Make sure to configured the *Like* and *Tweet* goals before using them.



The module also provides several campaigns specific to social network activities. You can find social campaigns in the `sitecore/system/marketing center/campaigns/social` folder.

For more information about goals and campaigns, see the manual *Marketing Operation Cookbook* on the SDN.

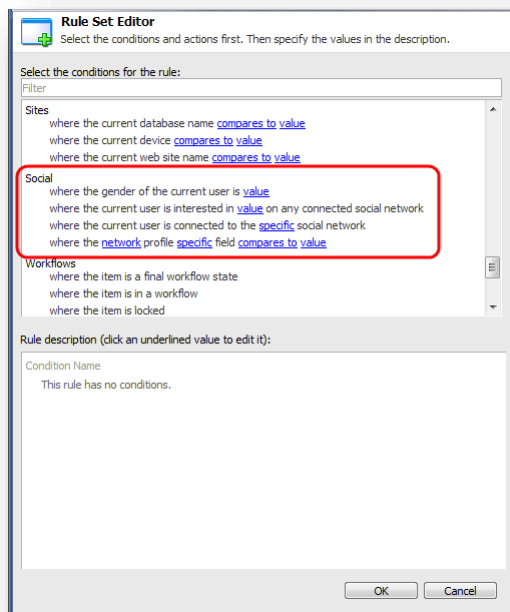
## 5.4 Personalization Rules for the Social Connected Module

The Social Connected module adds four personalization conditions and an action to the Sitecore Rule Set Editor.

You can use these personalization conditions and the action with the Social Connected module to personalize the website.

The Social Connected module provides the following conditions:

- where the gender of the current user is [value](#)
- where the current user is interested in [value](#) on any connected social network
- where the current user is connected to the [specific](#) social network
- where the [network](#) profile [specific](#) field [compares to value](#)



The Social Connected module provides the following action:

- *send associated messages.*

For more information about personalization rules, see the manual *Marketing Operation Cookbook* on the SDN.

### Where the gender of the current user is value

This condition defines visitor's gender.

### Where the current user is interested in value on any connected social network

This condition checks for the existence of the value in multiple profile fields in each connected network.

Editors can use this rule to define visitors interested, for example, in sports, instead of creating multiple rules to check individual profile attributes, such as interests, hobbies, books, and so on.

The set of attributes that this condition checks is configured in the `social.network_name.config` file, in the `<interestedInRule>` section.

**Note**

The *where the current user is interested in value on any connected social network* condition only supports one keyword for the value. Consider creating several conditions to use several values.

**Where the current user is connected to the specific social network**

This condition checks whether the visitor is connected to the specific social network.

**Where the network profile specific field compares to value**

This condition checks whether a specific profile field contains a specific value.

Use this condition when you need more specific requirements that are not covered by other rules.

## Chapter 6

### Developer's Notes

The Social Connected module uses five pipelines. This chapter describes the goals of the pipelines and their processors. In this chapter, you will also find information how to work with the detached messages using API and how to configure the message index.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Working with Detached Messages
- The Social Connected Module Pipelines
- Configuring the Messages Search

## 6.1 Working with Detached Messages

A detached message is a message that is not bound to any content item. You can create, edit, and post detached messages using API. Once the message is posted to the social network, you can track its campaign statistics using API.

For more information about the Social Connected API, see the document, [Social Connected API](#).

## 6.2 The Social Connected Module Pipelines

The Social Connected module uses five pipelines.

### 6.2.1 CreateSocialMessage Pipeline

The `CreateSocialMessage` pipeline is used when the module creates a message for a social network.

#### GetRoot Processor

The `GetRoot` processor gets a path in the content tree for the message item.

#### CreateItem Processor

The `CreateItem` processor creates two items under the messages root item: message and source items.

#### SaveData Processor

The `SaveData` processor saves message data from its fields.

### 6.2.2 ReadSocialMessage Pipeline

The `ReadSocialMessage` pipeline reads all the messages for the current item from the content tree and returns the messages collection.

#### ReadMessages Processor

The `ReadMessages` processor reads all the messages for the specified message IDs.

### 6.2.3 PostSocialMessage Pipeline

The `PostSocialMessage` pipeline posts the message to the social network.

#### ResolveMessagePostingProvider Processor

The `ResolveMessagePostingProvider` processor selects a posting provider to post the message.

#### PostMessage Processor

The `PostMessage` processor posts the message to the social network.

### 6.2.4 BuildSocialMessage Pipeline

The `BuildSocialMessage` pipeline builds the message before it is posted to the social network. It returns the message object that is ready to be posted.

#### ResolveRenderer Processor

The `ResolveRenderer` processor returns the message builder for the posting configuration (goal or content).

#### BuildMessage Processor

The `BuildMessage` processor builds the message.

#### ReplaceTokens Processor

The `ReplaceTokens` processor replaces tokens with their values.

## 6.2.5 MatchUser Pipeline

The `MatchUser` pipeline uses the data provided by the user to search for an existing user or creates a new user if no existing user is found.

### PrepareUserData Processor

The `PrepareUserData` processor creates data for the user: username and email. This is based on the user basic data.

### FindByEmail Processor

The `FindByEmail` processor uses the email information provided by the user to search for an existing user.

### FindByDomain Processor

The `FindByDomain` processor searches for an existing user by domain.

### FindByNetworkCredentials Processor

The `FindByNetworkCredentials` processor uses the network credentials (ID) to search for an existing user.

### CreateUser Processor

The `CreateUser` processor creates a new user.

## 6.3 Configuring the Messages Search

The Social Connected module stores messages in the `Sitecore/Social/Messages` folder. This folder is an item bucket that has a configured index. The Social Connected module uses it to search for the messages. This index is based on the Lucene provider and the `Sitecore.ContentSearch` API (LINQ to Sitecore).

For more information about how to configure the search functionality, see the *Sitecore Search and Indexing Guide*.

You can change the index configuration in the following files:

- `\Website\App_Config\Include\Sitecore.Social.config`  
In the `socialSearch/configuration` section, you can edit the index configuration.
- `\Website\App_Config\Include\Sitecore.Social.Lucene.Index.Master.config`

The `/sitecore/contentSearch/configuration/indexes/index` section contains the index configuration for the Content Management server. This index uses the `synchronous` strategy. This means that the index is updated after any item in the `Message` folder is updated. The Sitecore job updates the index according to a schedule, which leads to some delays in updating the index. If you want to update the index faster, use the following settings:

- `Social.Messages.UpdateSearchIndexSynchronously`  
If this setting is set to `True`, the Social Connected module runs the index update explicitly. This guarantees that the index is always up-to-date. However, the usage of this setting reduces the performance of the Sitecore instance.
- `Social.MessagesByContainerCacheEnabled`  
If this setting is set to `True`, the Social Connected module caches index values found inside a goal item, a content item, or an empty container. If this setting is set to `False`, to see the changes in the messages, click the **Refresh** button in the **Messages** dialog box. You can change the cache size using the `Social.MessagesByContainerCacheSize` setting.

### Note

The cache helps you to get the latest indexed data inside a container. Other API methods, for example, `GetMessagesByWorkflowState` and `GetMessagesByAccount`, depend on the corresponding job execution.

- `\Website\App_Config\Include\Sitecore.Social.Lucene.Index.Web.config`  
The `/sitecore/contentSearch/configuration/indexes/index` section contains the index configuration for the Content Delivery server. This index uses the `OnPublishEndAsynch` strategy. The index is updated immediately after you publish items to a Content Delivery server.

If you install the Social Connected module package on the Content Delivery server, you must edit the `\Website\App_Config\Include\Sitecore.Social.Lucene.Index.Web.config` file specifying the name of the Content Delivery server database in the `database` section. If you use one server for the Content Management and Content Delivery servers with the Master and Web databases, you can use the default settings.

If you create a custom index for the Content Management or Content Delivery server, you must specify the index ID in the corresponding setting:

- `Social.Messages.Master.SearchIndex` – name of the Content Management server index.
- `Social.Messages.Web.SearchIndex` – name of the Content Delivery server index.



## Chapter 7

### Tips and Tricks

This chapter contains some tips and tricks for developers and administrators. This chapter contains the following sections:

- The Security Roles Used in the Social Connected Module
- How to Use the Error Handling Mechanism

## 7.1 The Security Roles Used in the Social Connected Module

In the following table, lists the security roles for content authors and reviewers:

Role	Description	Requires
sitecore\Author	Permissions to the Content Editor, Workbox and Messages dialog box	Author (required) Reviewer (required)
sitecore\Sitecore Client Social Authoring	This role is a member of the <i>Sitecore\Author</i> role. Permissions to the <b>Messages</b> button on the Social chunk of the Publish ribbon.	Author (required) Reviewer (required)
sitecore\Analytics Maintaining	Permissions to create goal/page event messages and campaigns for messages.	Author (optional)
sitecore\Analytics Reporting	Permissions to view DMS reports for a message	Author (optional)
sitecore\Social Message Author	Permissions to create, edit, and remove all messages	Author (required)
sitecore\Facebook Message Reviewer	Permissions to edit Facebook messages	Reviewer (required)
sitecore\Twitter Message Reviewer	Permissions to edit Twitter messages	Reviewer (required)
sitecore\Social Marketer Message Reviewer	Permissions to edit social marketer messages	Reviewer (required)
sitecore\Social Message Workflow Editor	Permissions to use the <i>Draft</i> state and its commands of the <i>Social Message</i> workflow and <i>Social Marketer Message</i> workflow	Author (required)
sitecore\Social Message Workflow Reviewer	Permissions to use the <i>Awaiting Approval</i> state and its commands of the <i>Social Message</i> workflow. Permissions to use the <i>Awaiting Post Review</i> , <i>Post Accepted</i> and <i>Post Removed</i> states and their commands of the <i>Social Marketer Message</i> workflow	Reviewer (required)

## 7.2 How to Use the Error Handling Mechanism

The Social Connected module contains an error handling mechanism that you can use to display error messages both on the website and in the Sitecore Desktop. This mechanism lets you personalize the look and style of the errors that are displayed in your solution.

The error handling mechanism deals with the module features that directly cooperate with social networks. An error is typically comprised of a simple message and a detailed message. You can find the detailed message in the module log files under the folder `[installation_root]\data\logs`. The simple message is displayed in the UI.

You can use the language packages provided with the module to localize the simple error messages.

### 7.2.1 Error Handling on the Website

Any errors that are caused by visitors on the website when they use the Social Connector log in buttons are also registered. The module registers detailed error messages in the log files.

To display the error messages to website visitors in the style used by your website, a developer should follow this procedure:

1. Create a control that looks for authentication errors in the query string and gets the GUID of the error.
2. Get the simple and detailed error message using exception manager and method

```
var exceptionClientManager = new ExceptionClientManager();
    var exceptionInfo =
exceptionClientManager.GetExceptionInfo(HttpContext.Current.Request);
    if (!exceptionInfo.IsEmpty)
    {
        this.ShowExceptionInfo(exceptionInfo);
    }
```

3. Display this information to the website visitors in the same style as the website design.